

ARKANSAS REPORTS VOLUME 333

ARKANSAS APPELLATE REPORTS VOLUME 62 [T]he law is the last result of human wisdom acting upon human experience for the benefit of the public.

— Samuel Johnson (1709–1784) THIS BOOK CONTAINS THE OFFICIAL

ARKANSAS REPORTS

Volume 333

CASES DETERMINED IN THE

Supreme Court of Arkansas

FROM

April 30, 1998 — June 25, 1998 INCLUSIVE¹

AND

ARKANSAS APPELLATE REPORTS Volume 62

CASES DETERMINED
IN THE

Court of Appeals of Arkansas

FROM

April 29, 1998 — June 24, 1998 INCLUSIVE²

PUBLISHED BY THE STATE OF ARKANSAS 1998

¹Arkansas Supreme Court cases (ARKANSAS REPORTS) are in the front section, pages 1 through 722. Cite as 333 Ark. ____ (1998).

²Arkansas Court of Appeals cases (ARKANSAS APPELLATE REPORTS) are in the back section, pages 1 through 302. Cite as 62 Ark. App. ____(1998).

ERRATA

331 Ark. at 66; lines eleven and twelve: "824 S.W.2d 387 (1992)" should be "940 S.W.2d 445 (1997)."

330 Ark. at 315; case style: "ASSOCIATED" should be "ASSOCIATES."

330 Ark. at 316-323; running heads: "ASSOCIATED" should be "ASSOCIATES."

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ARKANSAS REPORTS

Volume 333

CASES DETERMINED IN THE

Supreme Court of Arkansas

FROM April 30, 1998 — June 25, 1998 INCLUSIVE

WILLIAM B. JONES, JR. REPORTER OF DECISIONS

CINDY M. ENGLISH
ASSISTANT
REPORTER OF DECISIONS

PUBLISHED BY THE STATE OF ARKANSAS 1998

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JUSTICES AND OFFICERS OF THE SUPREME COURT OF ARKANSAS

DURING THE PERIOD COVERED BY THIS VOLUME (April 30, 1998 — June 25, 1998, inclusive)

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W.H. "DUB" ARNOLD DAVID NEWBERN TOM GLAZE DONALD L. CORBIN ROBERT L. BROWN ANNABELLE CLINTON IMBER	Justice Justice Justice Justice Justice
ANNABELLE CLINTON IMBER RAY THORNTON	Justice Justice

OFFICERS

WINSTON BRYANT LESLIE W. STEEN JACQUELINE S. WRIGHT WILLIAM B. JONES, JR.

Attorney General Clerk Librarian Reporter of Decisions

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STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION OF OPINIONS

Rule 5-2

Rules of the Arkansas Supreme Court and Court of Appeals

OPINIONS

- (a) SUPREME COURT SIGNED OPINIONS. All signed opinions of the Supreme Court shall be designated for publication.
- (b) COURT OF APPEALS OPINION FORM. Opinions of the Court of Appeals may be in conventional form or in memorandum form. They shall be filed with the Clerk. The opinions need not contain a detailed statement of the facts, but may set forth only such matters as may be necessary to an understandable discussion of the errors urged. In appeals from decisions of the Arkansas Board of Review in unemployment compensation cases, when the Court finds the decision appealed from is supported by substantial evidence, that there is an absence of fraud, no error of law appears in the record and an opinion would have no precedential value, the order may be affirmed without opinion.
- (c) COURT OF APPEALS PUBLISHED OPINIONS. Opinions of the Court of Appeals which resolve novel or unusual questions will be released for publication when the opinions are announced and filed with the Clerk. The Court of Appeals may consider the question of whether to publish an opinion at its decision-making conference and at that time, if appropriate, make a tentative decision not to publish. Concurring and dissenting opinions will be published only if the majority opinion is published. All opinions that are not to be published shall be marked "Not Designated For Publication."
- (d) COURT OF APPEALS UNPUBLISHED OPINIONS. Opinions of the Court of Appeals not designated for publication shall not be published in the *Arkansas Reports* and shall not

be cited, quoted, or referred to by any court or in any argument, brief, or other materials presented to any court (except in continuing or related litigation upon an issue such as res judicata, collateral estoppel, or law of the case). Opinions not designated for publication shall be listed in the *Arkansas Reports* by case number, style, date, and disposition.

(e) COPIES OF ALL OPINIONS — In every case the Clerk will furnish, without charge, one typewritten copy of all of the Court's published or unpublished opinions in the case to counsel for every party on whose behalf a separate brief was filed. The charge for additional copies is fixed by statute.

OPINIONS NOT DESIGNATED FOR PUBLICATION

- Barry v. State, CR 96-1145 (Per Curiam), affirmed May 14, 1998.
- Boyd v. Keith, CR 97-991 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion to Compel Circuit Judge to Act moot June 4, 1998.
- Bragg v. State, CR 98-341 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Rule on Clerk denied and Pro Se Motion to Reverse Order moot May 21, 1998.
- Brown v. Ross, 98-66 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Belated Appeal of Order denied May 14, 1998.
- Bryant v. Erwin, 97-1072 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Petition for Writ of Mandamus moot June 4, 1998.
- Carlock v. State, CR 96-1549 (Per Curiam), rebriefing schedule set June 11, 1998.
- Carter v. State, CR 98-273 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Belated Appeal of Order granted and Pro Se Motion for Appointment of Counsel for appointment of counsel moot May 21, 1998.
- Choate v. State, CR 97-90 (Per Curiam), affirmed June 11, 1998. Coleman v. Norris, CR 97-771 (Per Curiam), petition for rehearing denied April 30, 1998
- Delong v. State, CR 98-508 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Rule on Clerk denied May 28, 1998.
- Dixon v. Cole, CR 97-792 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Petition for Writ of Mandamus moot May 14, 1998.
- Frazier v. State, CR 97-131 (Per Curiam), affirmed April 30, 1998.
- Friend v. State, CR 98-55 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Rule on Clerk to File Belated Reply Brief denied and appeal dismissed June 4, 1998.
- Hancock v. Patterson, CR 98-274 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Petition for Writ of Mandamus moot April 30, 1998.
- Hawthone v. State, CA CR 97-1021 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Photocopy of Material at Public Expense denied June 11, 1998.
- Heard v. State, CR 93-1261 and CR 95-445 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Photocopies of Pages from Transcripts denied May 21, 1998.

- Hill v. State, CR 97-1462 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Belated Appeal of Order granted and Pro Se Motion for Trial Transcript denied May 21, 1998.
- Jones v. State, CR 97-1167 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion to File a Substituted Brief or Supplemental Abstract granted May 28, 1998.
- Jones, Howard W. v. State, 98-547 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Rule on Clerk and Pro Se Motion for Appointment of Counsel denied June 11, 1998.
- Kain v. State, CR 98-460 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Extension of Time to File Appellant's Brief denied and appeal dismissed June 25, 1998.
- Leding v. State, 98-123 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion to Reconsider Motion for Rule on Clerk denied May 7, 1998.
- Looper v. State, CR 98-24 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motions for Extension of Time, for Appointment of counsel, and to Supplement Record denied and appeal dismissed May 28, 1998.
- Lukach v. State, CR 97-256 (Per Curiam), affirmed April 30,
- Macfarland v. State, CR 98-404 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Appointment of New Counsel denied June 11, 1998.
- Mathis v. State, CR 98-291 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Belated Appeal of Judgment granted May 7, 1998.
- Meux v. State, CR 97-1542 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Belated Appeal of Judgment denied April 30, 1998.
- Mosley v. State, CR 95-1345 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Petition for Leave to Proceed in Circuit Court with Petition for Writ of Error Coram Nobis denied May 21, 1998.
- Natt v. State, CR 97-1481 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion to File Belated Appellant's Brief denied and appeal dismissed May 14, 1998.
- Newton v. State, CA CR 96-1455 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Photocopy of Trial Transcript and Other Material at Public Expense denied April 30, 1998.
- Noble v. State, CR 96-1442 (Per Curiam), affirmed June 11, 1998.
- Nooner v. State, CR 98-577 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion to Supplement Appellant's Brief denied June 4, 1998.

- Norman v. State, CR 98-582 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Judicial Review and to Proceed Pro Se denied June 25, 1998.
- Owens v. State, CR 97-163 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Joint Motion to File Amended Appellants' Brief and for Extension of Time to File Appellant's Brief granted; Pro Se Joint petition for Writ of Certiorari denied April 30, 1998.
- Pike v. State, CR 96-1326 (Per Curiam), affirmed May 7, 1998.
- Ramos v. State, CR 98-730 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Rule on Clerk to Proceed with Belated Appeal granted; Writ of Certiorari issued; Show Cause Order issued June 25, 1998.
- Risher v. State, CR 92-923 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Petition for Rehearing of Motion to Proceed in Circuit Court with Petition for Writ of Error Coram Nobis, for Writ of Certiorari, to Settle the Record, and to Produce Records denied June 11, 1998.
- Robinson v. State, CR 97-403 (Per Curiam), affirmed May 28, 1998.
- Rowbottom v. State, CR 98-5 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Leave to Amend Appellant's Abstract granted and Pro Se Petition for Writ of Certiorari moot June 11, 1998.
- Sanders v. State, CR 97-679 (Per Curiam), affirmed May 14, 1998.
- Shibley v. Taylor, CR 98-453 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Petition for Writ of Mandamus denied May 7, 1998.
- Slocum v. State, CR 97-1557 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Continuance denied May 7, 1998.
- Smith, Earl Edward v. State, CR 97-560 (Per Curiam), reversed and remanded May 28, 1998
- Smith, Robert Lee v. State, CR 98-491 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Belated Appeal of Judgment granted May 28, 1998.
- Stigger v. State, CR 98-530 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Belated Appeal of Order denied June 4, 1998.
- Stipes v. May, CR 97-1343 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Duplication of Brief at Public Expense denied and appeal dismissed April 30, 1998.
- Stout v. State, CR 97-372 (Per Curiam), affirmed May 7, 1998.

Taylor v. State, CR 98-286 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Belated Appeal of Judgment granted May 7, 1998.

Voss v. State, CR 98-258 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Petition for Writ of Certiorari denied and appeal dismissed May 14, 1998.

Walker v. State, CR 97-197 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Extension of Time granted May 28, 1998.

Wilson v. Cass, CR 97-430 (Per Curiam), affirmed May 21, 1998.

Young v. State, CR 97-1392 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Extension of Time to File Brief denied and appeal dismissed May 7, 1998.

<u>APPENDIX</u>

Rules Adopted or Amended by <u>Per Curiam Orders</u>

IN RE: RULES GOVERNING ADMISSION TO THE BAR OF ARKANSAS

Supreme Court of Arkansas Opinion delivered May 7, 1998

PER CURIAM. On January 15, 1998, we published proposed changes to Rule XV of the Rules Governing Admission to the Bar and sought comment. We have considered the comments received. We conclude that the proposed modifications to Rule XV of the Rules Governing Admission to the Bar should be adopted.

Accordingly, we adopt and republish the entirety of Rule XV as it appears on the attachment to this order.

RULE XV. STUDENT PRACTICE

A. Purpose

The bench and the bar are primarily responsible for providing competent legal services for all persons, including those unable to pay for these services. As one means of providing assistance to lawyers who represent clients unable to pay for such services and to encourage law schools to provide clinical instruction of varying kinds, this rule is adopted by the Arkansas Supreme Court (Court).

B. Activities

- 1. An eligible law student (student) may appear in any court or before any administrative tribunal in this State on behalf of any person if the person on whose behalf the student is appearing has indicated in writing consent to that appearance and the supervising lawyer (lawyer) has also indicated in writing approval of that appearance.
- 2. A student may also appear in any criminal matter on behalf of the State or prosecuting authority with the written

approval of the prosecuting attorney (lawyer) or his or her authorized representative.

- 3. When a student appears pursuant to paragraphs B(1) or (2) above the lawyer must be personally present throughout the proceedings and shall be fully responsible for the manner in which they are conducted.
- 4. In civil cases and cases in which the student represents a defendant in a criminal case, the written consent of the person on whose behalf an appearance is being made and the approval of the lawyer shall be filed in the record of the case. In courts or administrative tribunals in which the student represents the State or prosecuting authority, the approval of the lawyer shall be filed of record with the clerk of the court or administrative tribunal.
- 5. An eligible law student may also participate in a law school clinical program emphasizing transactional and drafting skills including client counseling.

C. Requirements of Eligibility

In order to make an appearance or provide counsel pursuant to this rule, the law student shall:

- 1. Be duly enrolled in a law school approved by the American Bar Association;
- 2. Have completed a course in professional responsibility, or the equivalent of such a course;
- 3. File with the Clerk of this Court the law school dean certification described in paragraph E of this rule;
- 4. File with the Clerk of this Court the supervising lawyer certification described in paragraph F of this rule;
- 5. Neither ask for nor receive any compensation or remuneration of any kind directly from the person on whose behalf services are rendered, but this shall not prevent an attorney, law firm, legal aid bureau, public defender agency, or the state, county, or municipality from paying compensation not otherwise prohibited by these rules to the student.

- 6. Certify in writing that he or she has read and will comply with this rule and with the Model Rules of Professional Conduct adopted by this Court. This certification shall be incorporated in the law school dean certification described in paragraph E of this rule.
- 7. If appearing under paragraphs B(1), (2) or (3), have completed legal studies amounting to at least forty-eight (48) credit hours, or the equivalent if the school is on some basis other than a semester basis, including courses in civil procedure, evidence, criminal procedure, and professional responsibility or the equivalent of such courses.

D. Limitations

- 1. A student is authorized to practice under this rule only under the supervision of:
 - (a) The lawyer who signs the supervising lawyer certification described in paragraph F of this rule; or,
 - (b) A lawyer who is admitted to practice in this State and who otherwise meets the requirements of Section H of this rule and is a member of the same law firm as the supervising lawyer; or, a lawyer who is admitted to practice in this State and is employed by the same law school or public office as the supervising lawyer; or,
 - (c) A lawyer employed full time by an Arkansas Law School accredited by the American Bar Association, may engage in supervision under this section for no more than one year without being admitted to practice in this State, providing the lawyer:
 - (1) is admitted to practice and is in good standing in another state; and;
 - (2) has had at least five years of practice in another state or states; and,
 - (3) it shall be the responsibility of the Arkansas law school which employs a full time lawyer pursuant to this section to secure and maintain documentation

confirming that the lawyer meets the requirements of this section, and, the law school dean certification shall contain an affirmation by the dean to that effect.

- 2. The authority of a law student to practice under this rule may be terminated by this Court at any time without notice or hearing and without any showing of cause. Notice of the termination shall be filed with the Clerk of this Court.
- 3. After a law student has appeared in a court or administrative tribunal on one or more occasions, a judge of the trial court or tribunal may terminate, for good cause, the authority of any such student to appear subsequently in the court or division thereof, or the administrative tribunal, over which the Judge presides.

E. Law School Dean Certification

The certification of a law student by the law school dean shall:

- 1. Unless sooner withdrawn, remain in effect until: the expiration of eighteen (18) months after it is filed; or, the student graduates; or, the student officially withdraws from law school;
- 2. Certify that the law student is of good moral character and competent legal ability and is adequately trained to perform as an eligible law student under this rule;
- 3. Be subject to withdrawal by the dean at any time by mailing a notice to that effect to the Clerk of this Court and it is not necessary that the notice state the cause for withdrawal; and,
- 4. The law school dean certification required by this section shall contain an affirmation that the dean of the certifying institution will promptly notify the Clerk of this Court in the event the student's eligibility ceases pursuant to this section.

F. Supervising Lawyer Certification

The certification of a law student by a lawyer shall:

- 1. Be signed by a lawyer admitted to practice in this State who agrees to act as a supervising lawyer with respect to practice by a law student under this rule;
- 2. Unless sooner withdrawn, remain in effect until: the expiration of six (6) months after it is filed; or, the student graduates; or, the student officially withdraws from law school;
 - 3. Be subject to renewal by filing a new certification;
- 4. Certify that the lawyer has read and will comply with this rule and with the Model Rules of Professional Conduct adopted by this Court; and,
- 5. Be subject to withdrawal by the lawyer at any time by mailing a notice to that effect to the Clerk of this Court and it is not necessary that the notice state the cause for withdrawal.

G. Other Activities

- 1. In addition, a student may engage in other activities, but outside the personal presence of the lawyer, including:
 - (a) Preparation of pleadings and other documents to be filed in any matter in which the student is eligible to appear under paragraphs B(1), (2) or (3), but such pleadings or documents must be signed by the lawyer;
 - (b) Preparation of briefs, abstracts, and other documents to be filed in appellate courts of this State by a student eligible under paragraphs B(1), (2) or (3), but such documents must be signed by the lawyer; and,
 - (c) Preparation of contracts, incorporation papers and by-laws, agreements, filings required by a state, federal or other governmental agency or body, proposed legislation and other documents for a client's consideration by a student certified under paragraph B(5). Such documents must be reviewed by the lawyer prior to presentation to the client and signed by the lawyer if a lawyer's signature is necessary. In preparation of these documents, the student may give legal advice if such advice has been approved or is supervised by the lawyer. Approval or supervision by the

lawyer shall be accomplished through preparation of the student and videotaping of client contacts or the lawyer's presence during client contacts. The other activities set forth in this paragraph (c) are authorized exclusively for students representing persons receiving assistance from a law school clinical program which emphasizes transactional and drafting skills including client counseling.

2. The taking of a deposition shall be considered a court appearance subject to the provisions and requirements of section B of this rule.

H. Supervision

The lawyer under whose supervision a student does any of the things permitted by this rule shall:

- 1. Be a lawyer who is licensed in this State (except as may be otherwise provided by this rule) and who has been actively engaged in the practice of law in this State or any other jurisdiction for a period of at least two years and is in good standing with the Supreme Court of Arkansas;
- 2. Assume personal professional responsibility for the student's guidance in any work undertaken and for supervising the quality of the student's work;
- 3. Assist the student in preparation to the extent the lawyer considers it necessary; and,
- 4. The lawyer may not charge the client for services of a student practitioner pursuant to activities under section B of this rule.

I. Duties of the Clerk of this Court

The Clerk shall establish such records as are appropriate to administer and enforce the provisions of this rule.

J. Miscellaneous

Nothing contained in this rule shall affect the right of any person who is not admitted to practice law to do anything that he or she might lawfully do prior to the adoption of this rule. (Adopted April 27, 1987; republished December 20, 1993; amended by Per Curiam July 17, 1995.)

IN RE: ARKANSAS RULE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE 26.1

Supreme Court of Arkansas Delivered May 21, 1998

PER CURIAM. The Supreme Court Committee on Criminal Practice recommended changes to Rule 26.1 of the Rules of Criminal Procedure. We published the proposed rule for comment on January 22, 1998, and the comment period has now expired.

We conclude that the proposed changes should be adopted. Accordingly, we adopt, effective immediately, and republish Rule 26.1 as it appears below.

Rule 26.1. PLEA WITHDRAWAL.

- (a) A defendant may withdraw his or her plea of guilty or nolo contendere as a matter of right before it has been accepted by the court. A defendant may not withdraw his or her plea of guilty or nolo contendere as a matter of right after it has been accepted by the court; however, before entry of judgment, the court in its discretion may allow the defendant to withdraw his or her plea to correct a manifest injustice if it is fair and just to do so, giving due consideration to the reasons advanced by the defendant in support of his or her motion and any prejudice the granting of the motion would cause the prosecution by reason of actions taken in reliance upon the defendant's plea. A plea of guilty or nolo contendere may not be withdrawn under this rule after entry of judgment.
- (b) Withdrawal of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere shall be deemed to be necessary to correct a manifest injustice if the defendant proves to the satisfaction of the court that:
 - (i) he or she was denied the effective assistance of counsel;
- (ii) the plea was not entered or ratified by the defendant or a person authorized to do so in his or her behalf;

- (iii) the plea was involuntary, or was entered without knowledge of the nature of the charge or that the sentence imposed could be imposed;
- (iv) he or she did not receive the charge or sentence concessions contemplated by a plea agreement and the prosecuting attorney failed to seek or not to oppose the concessions as promised in the plea agreement; or
- (v) he or she did not receive the charge or sentence concessions contemplated by a plea agreement in which the trial court had indicated its concurrence and the defendant did not affirm the plea after receiving advice that the court had withdrawn its indicated concurrence and after an opportunity to either affirm or withdraw the plea.
- (c) The defendant may move to withdraw his or her plea of guilty or nolo contendere to correct a manifest injustice without alleging that he or she is innocent of the charge to which the plea was entered.

Reporter's Notes to 1998 Amendment: Paragraphs (a) and (e) were amended and combined as new paragraph (a). It now provides that prior to acceptance of the plea by the court, the defendant may withdraw his or her plea as a matter of right. After acceptance and before entry of judgment, the court in its discretion may allow a plea withdrawal upon proof that it is necessary to correct a manifest injustice. After entry of the written judgment, the plea may not be withdrawn under this rule. Paragraph (b) was deleted and the remaining paragraphs were redesignated.

These changes were made to clarify when a plea could be withdrawn under this rule [i.e., after acceptance of the plea, after pronouncement of sentence, after entry of judgment, see Johninson v. State, 330 Ark. 381 (1997); Scalco v. City of Russellville, 318 Ark. 65, 883 S.W.2d 813 (1993)], and under what standard; and also to clarify when a motion to withdraw a plea was proper under this rule as opposed to Rule 37 of these rules. Under Rule 26.1, a motion to withdraw a plea must be filed prior to entry of the written judgment.

IN THE MATTER OF ADOPTION OF A RULE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE GOVERNING ALTERNATE JURORS IN CRIMINAL TRIALS: RULE 32.3

Supreme Court of Arkansas Delivered May 21, 1998

PER CURIAM. The Arkansas Supreme Court Committee on Criminal Practice recommended the adoption of a new Rule of Criminal Procedure to govern the use of alternate jurors in criminal trials when a regular juror is unable to serve or is disqualified. On January 22, 1998, we published the proposed rule for comment, and the comment period has now expired.

We conclude that the rule should be adopted. Accordingly, we adopt, effective immediately, and publish Rule 32.3 of the Rules of Criminal Procedure as set out below.

Rule 32.3. Alternate Jurors.

- (a) The court may direct that additional jurors be called and impanelled in addition to the regular jury to sit as alternate jurors. The number of alternate jurors shall be at the discretion of the court, taking into consideration the estimated length and cost of the trial, the number of witnesses, and the ages and health of the regular jurors. Alternate jurors in the order in which they are called shall replace jurors who are discharged by the court for good cause upon being found unable or disqualified to perform their duties. Alternate jurors shall be drawn in the same manner, shall have the same qualifications, shall take the same oath, and shall have the same functions, powers, facilities and privileges as the regular jurors. Each side shall be entitled to one peremptory challenge for each alternate juror to be impanelled. The additional peremptory challenge may be used against an alternate juror only, and all other peremptory challenges allowed by law shall not be used against an alternate juror.
- (b) Any alternate juror, who has not replaced a regular juror prior to the time the jury retires to consider its verdict, shall be

further instructed by the court in addition to the usual instruction regarding discussion of the case and not permitting any one to discuss the case with him or her, to remain at the courthouse during deliberation. During deliberation, should any regular juror die, or upon good cause shown to the court be found unable or disqualified to perform his or her duties, the court may order the juror to be discharged. The court may in its discretion, as an alternative to mistrial, replace such juror with the next alternate. In such event, the court shall instruct the jury to disregard all previous deliberation, and to commence deliberation anew. The trial court in its discretion may seat additional alternates as jurors in this manner as needed.

- (c) In the case of a capital murder trial or any other bifurcated trial in which the court cannot fix punishment pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. § 5-4-103 (b), and in which there are alternate jurors remaining after the jury has returned a verdict of guilty, the next alternate jurors, not to exceed two, shall be placed in the jury box along with the regular jurors. Any alternate jurors in addition to these two shall be dismissed. The trial will proceed with the penalty phase. When the jury retires to deliberate the penalty, the remaining alternate juror or jurors will again remain at the courthouse during deliberation.
- (1) If at any time after a verdict of guilty, but before a verdict fixing punishment, a juror who participated in the guilt phase of a capital murder trial or other trial described above dies, becomes ill, or is otherwise found to be unable or disqualified to perform his or her duties, such juror shall be discharged. The court may in its discretion, as an alternative to mistrial or any other option available by statute or these rules, replace such juror with the next alternate. However, in such event, the court may first give the defendant, with the agreement of the prosecution, the option to waive jury sentencing, in which case the court shall impose sentence, or to accept a verdict by the remaining jurors. If the defendant does not waive jury sentencing, or agree to accept a verdict by the remaining jurors, the trial will continue with the alternate participating in the penalty phase. In such event, the court shall instruct the jury to commence deliberation anew as to the sentencing phase only.

(2) Notwithstanding Ark. Code Ann. § 5-4-602(3), which requires that the same jury sit in the sentencing phase of a capital murder trial, the court may in its discretion proceed pursuant to this rule and seat an alternate juror.

Reporter's Notes: In Johnson v. State, 328 Ark. 526 (1997), the Supreme Court held that Ark. Code Ann. § 5-4-103 (b) (3) authorized the trial court to fix punishment when the twelfth juror became disqualified in the sentencing phase. "[T]he court was authorized to fix punishment when the jury was unable to agree upon the punishment because only eleven jurors remained after one was disqualified."

IN RE: ARKANSAS RULES FOR MINIMUM CONTINUING LEGAL EDUCATION

Supreme Court of Arkansas Delivered June 25, 1998

PER CURIAM. The Arkansas Continuing Legal Education Board seeks an amendment to Rule 4.(B) of the Rules for Minimum Continuing Legal Education to improve the administrative procedures pertaining to course review and accreditation. We find that the proposed amendment is appropriate.

We hereby adopt and republish Rule 4.(B) of the Arkansas Rules and Regulations for Minimum Continuing Legal Education as set forth in the attachment to this order.

Approval of Accredited Sponsors: 4.(B)

An organization, or entity, may seek Board designa-

tion as an accredited sponsor;

In order to receive such a designation the organization or entity must establish to the satisfaction of the Board that it is regularly engaged in offering continuing legal education and is recognized as a provider of continuing legal education on a national basis;

Subsequent to designation as an accredited sponsor, programs offered by that sponsor outside this State shall be approved provided such courses meet the

requirements of Rule 4.(C);

Programs conducted by sponsors accredited in another state or by a national continuing legal education accrediting body may be approved, provided the Secretary is satisfied that the sponsor meets the requirements of this Rule; and,

Accredited sponsors must abide by all reasonable requests for information or course materials from the Board, or its Secretary, and the Board reserves the right to withdraw accredited sponsor designation for failure to meet the requirements of these rules.

Appointments to Committees

IN RE: SUPREME COURT COMMITTEE ON PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

Supreme Court of Arkansas Delivered June 10, 1998

PER CURIAM. Win A. Trafford, Esq., of Pine Bluff, Fourth Congressional District, is hereby appointed to our Committee on Professional Conduct for a seven-year term to expire December 31, 2005. The Court thanks Mr. Trafford for accepting appointment to this important Committee.

The Court expresses its gratitude to Mr. Alan Humphries, Esq., of Pine Bluff, whose term has expired, for his years of service to this Committee.

IN RE: BOARD OF CERTIFIED COURT REPORTER EXAMINERS

Supreme Court of Arkansas Delivered June 18, 1998

PER CURIAM. The Honorable David Clinger of Bentonville and Ms. Debbie Dudley of Little Rock are appointed to our Board of Certified Court Reporter Examiners. Each term is for three years and expires on July 31, 2001.

The Court expresses its gratitude to Judge Clinger and Ms. Dudley for accepting appointment to this important Board.

The Court expresses its appreciation to Judge Tom Hilburn and Ms. Fern Nicholson, whose terms have expired, for their years of dedicated service to the Board.

IN RE: CLIENT SECURITY FUND COMMITTEE APPOINTMENT

Supreme Court of Arkansas Delivered June 25, 1998

PER CURIAM. Benjamin C. McMinn, Esq., of Little Rock, is hereby appointed to an At-Large position on the Client Security Fund Committee for a five-year term to expire July 31, 2003.

The Court thanks Mr. McMinn for accepting appointment to this most important Committee.

The Court expresses its appreciation to Mr. James F. Dowden, Esq., of Little Rock, whose term has expired, for his service to this Committee.

IN RE: THE SUPREME COURT OF ARKANSAS COMMITTEE ON CIVIL PRACTICE

Supreme Court of Arkansas Delivered June 25, 1998

PER CURIAM. Professor Ken Gould of the University of Arkansas at Little Rock and attorneys Claiborne W. Patty of North Little Rock and Thomas D. Deen of Dermott are hereby appointed to the Committee on Civil Practice. The Court expresses its appreciation to the appointees for their willingness to serve.

The new appointees replace Comer Boyett, Jr., of Searcy, Stephen A. Matthews of Pine Bluff, and David J. Manley of Little Rock, whose terms expire July 5, 1998. The Court expresses its gratitude for their faithful and dedicated service as members of the Committee.

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Notice of show-cause hearing, no constitutional deficiency found. Id. Sovereign immunity, waiver, jurisdictional issue. Carson v. Weiss, 561

Sovereign immunity, general rule. Id.

Conflict between illegal-exaction and sovereign-immunity provisions, specific provision controls general, illegal-exaction clause specific. Id.

Illegal-exaction clause, provides for constitutionally established class of interested persons, order denying class certification reversed and remanded. Id.

Civil rights, agency employee did not have "fair warning" of violation. Robinson v. Langdon, 662

Civil rights, agency employee not guilty of violating "established right" of appellee, no property interest in employment. Id.

Property interest, potential injury to reputation does not constitute deprivation of. Id. Civil rights, summary judgment against appellee's § 1983 claim was proper. Id.

Statute clearly prohibits possessing firearm while possessing illegal drugs, Ark. Code Ann. § 5-74-106 constitutional. Johnson v. State, 673

Special and local legislation distinguished. Boyd v. Weiss, 684

Act 48 of 1977, drawing of line for affected area along city boundary was reasonable and not arbitrary, collateral impact on area outside line did not render legislation

Act 48 of 1977, limitation to state-street-line border cities not arbitrary. Id. Statute affecting less than all of state not necessarily local or special legislation. Id. When act applicable to portion of state is constitutional. Id.

Act 48 of 1977, geographical limitation did not render legislation "local", rational relation to purposes of act. *Id.*

Act 48 of 1977, legitimate state objective. Id.

Act 48 of 1977, state-street-line classification identifies cities inextricably intertwined with out-of-state counterparts. *Id.*

Act 48 of 1977, not local legislation in providing tax incentive for people in surrounding cities to move to Texarkana. *Id.*

CONTEMPT:

Show-cause order issued. Ayers v. State, 116

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Motions setting aside dismissal granted, show-cause order issued. Donihoo, Larry v. State, 340

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Fine imposed upon finding of contempt. Ayers v. State, 393

For violation of court order, one need not be party to action to be held in contempt.

Arkansas Dep't of Human Servs. v. R.P., 516

Order clear as to obligations imposed on appellant, appellant's argument rejected. *Id.*Attack on underlying order, supreme court does not look behind order to determine validity. *Id.*

Order definite as to duties imposed, area manager clearly had knowledge of order and specifically instructed subordinate not to pay bills with agency's funds. *Id.*

Rules of civil procedure do not apply to criminal contempt proceeding, applicable provisions for criminal contempt. *Id.*

Area manager had proper notice of accusation, finding of contempt affirmed. *Id.* Principal justification for contempt, sentence modified. *Id.*

Counsel's guilty plea accepted, reinstatement of appellant's appeal granted. Donihoo,

Larry v. State, 577

Counsel held in contempt and fined. Id.

Contempt order issued. Williams v. State, 580

Master not appointed, counsel complied with sentencing portion of earlier per curiam. Wickliffe v. State, 720

Order referring matter to Professional Conduct Committee. Id.

CONTRACTS:

Tortious interference with contractual relationship, proof required. Mason v. Wal-Mart Stores, Inc., 3

Tortious interference with contractual relationship, Restatement (Second) of Torts, § 766 requires showing of improper conduct by defendant. Id.

Interference with contractual relationship, only appellee business entities could assert claim. First Commercial Bank, N.A. v. Walker. 100

Modification of, both parties must agree. Van Camp v. Van Camp, 320

No mutual agreement to modification of postmajority-support contract, chancellor lacked authority to modify agreement. *Id.*

Action to recover against insurer for failure to pay loss is contractual in nature, insurer as prevailing party entitled to attorney's fee. Village Market, Inc. v. State Farm Gen. Ins. Co., 552

Breach-of-contract argument rejected. Robinson v. Langdon, 662

CONVERSION:

Only appellee business entities could assert claim. First Commercial Bank, N.A. ν . Walker, 100

Argument without merit, laches and statute of limitations barred any right appellants may have had under Truth-in-Lending Act. Collins v. Keller, 238

Equitable conversion argued, trial court correctly rejected appellants' argument, forfeiture provisions of parties' contract were valid and timely enforced. Id.

CORPORATIONS:

Corporation and stockholders separate entities. First Commercial Bank, N.A. v. Walker, 100 Attributes of corporation. Id.

Officers, no individual right of action for corporate injuries. Id.

Officers, no showing that individual appellee made contribution toward payment of guaranteed notes. *Id.*

Corporation not in existence cannot initiate lawsuit. Id.

Appellee business entities lost capacity to file suit following dissolution of joint venture and revocations of corporate charters. Id.

Derivative and individual actions, distinction. Golden Tee, Inc. v. Venture Golf Schs., Inc., 253

Direct action by shareholder, when appropriate. Id.

COURTS:

Discretion to control dockets crucial. Calandro v. Parkerson, 603 Rules of decision, stare decisis. Liberty Mut. Ins. Co. v. Thomas, 655

CRIMINAL LAW:

Rape, penetration can be shown by circumstantial evidence, proof sufficient for finding of rape by deviate sexual activity. *Jameson v. State*, 128

Evidence ample to show required elements of rape, denial of appellant's directed-verdict motion affirmed. *Id.*

Two kidnapping felonies potentially applicable, trial court's determination that jury should determine question of fact as to which law applied was affirmed. *Id.*Insanity defense, burden of establishing, standard of review. *Morgan v. State*, 294
Capital and first-degree murder, meaningful distinction exists. *Lever v. State*, 377
Degree of proof necessary to establish capital murder, factors considered. *Id.*Substantial evidence of premeditated and deliberated purpose, conviction affirmed. *Id.*

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE:

Erroneous denial of detainee's request for release under Rule 28.1(a) may result in mooting issue, alleged violation of Rule 28.1(a) not basis for reversal. Simpson v. Sheriff of Dallas County, 277

Ark. R. Crim. P. 28.1(a), burden on State to justify delay in holding appellant more than nine months. *Id.*

Appellant met burden of justifying delay, time in which pretrial motions filed by appellant held under advisement excludable. *Id*.

Speedy trial, eighty-nine-day period resulting from mental examination properly excluded. *Morgan v. State*, 294

Speedy trial, 199-day period resulting from incompetency properly excluded. Id.

Speedy trial, forty-two-day period resulting from continuance properly excluded. Id. Speedy trial, State met burden, trial court did not err in denying motion to dismiss. Id. Severance, decision to grant motion discretionary with trial court. Dillard v. State, 418

Severance, when defendant has right to. Id.

Severance, evidence of proximity considered. Id.

Severance, when exception to Rule 22.2 allowed. Id.

Severance, evidence supported trial court's denial of. Id.

Severance, trial court did not abuse discretion in denying evidence from each victim would be relevant and admissible in separate trials. Id.

Parole eligibility, prerogative of Department of Correction. Morris v. State, 466

Parole eligibility, recomputation, no Ex Post Facto violation. Id.

Parole eligibility, date corrected to conform with proper interpretation of law, circuit court correctly denied writ of mandamus and declaratory relief. Id.

Authority to arrest without warrant, when officer may exercise. State v. Earl, 489

Speedy trial, governing rule is jurisdictional. Kelch v. Erwin, 567

Speedy trial, exceptions to rule. Id.

Speedy trial, State's burden. Id.

Speedy trial, effect of order allowing withdrawal of guilty plea. Id.

Amendment of information, standard. Id.

Amendment of information to conform with proof. Id.

Speedy trial, withdrawal of guilty plea restarted speedy-trial time on amended information. Id.

Speedy trial, amendment to information did not alter nature or degree of offense charged, appellant's right not violated, prohibition denied. Id.

No right to appeal from guilty plea, exception for sentencing issue. L.H. v. State, 613 Investigatory stop, when permitted. Johnson v. State, 673

Tip carried sufficient evidence of reliability, investigatory stop justified. Id.

DAMAGES:

Diminution in property value, recoverable element. Ozarks Unlimited Resources Coop., Inc. v. Daniels, 214

Appellees' effective termination of lease rendered jury instruction permitting award for damages after sale date erroneous. Id.

Trial court did not err in setting aside portion of award for damages after sale date. Id.

Prejudgment interest, when recoverable. Mitcham v. First State Bank of Crossett, 598

Reformation based on mutual mistake, when proper. Hope v. Hope, 324 Proof confirmed intention of parties at time of contract and deed, trial court not clearly erroneous in finding mutual mistake of fact in wording of deed. Id. Appellant had no intent to take land in fee simple, deed as worded would have run counter to purpose of Trust. Id.

Trial court did not err in concluding parties' intent differed from actual wording of deed, reformation of deed proper. Id.

Reformed timber deed allowed for select cutting "within reasonable time, finality of judgment not undercut. Id.

DISCOVERY:

Sanctions, trial court's discretion. Calandro v. Parkerson, 603

Sanctions, trial court not required to make finding of willful or deliberate disregard. Id. Appellants' failure to serve full and complete answers to interrogatories could not be

excused under Ark. R. Civ. P. 37(d). Id. Trial court did not abuse discretion in dismissing with prejudice appellants' deceit

When violation reversible, appellant failed to show prejudice. Johnson v. State, 673

Chancellor's order of alimony arrearages proper, letter opinions part of court's findings. DIVORCE:

Cases cited by appellant inapplicable, appellee never accepted other county's venue. Id. Ark. Code Ann. § 9-12-303(a) and (c) (Repl. 1993), had statute been followed action could have been avoided. Id.

EASEMENTS:

Quasi-easement, what constitutes. Black v. Van Steenwyk, 629 Implied easement, general rule. Id. Implied easement, when most readily inferred. Id. Whether necessary is question of fact, "necessary" defined. Id. Evidence sufficient to support decree granting easement. Id.

ELECTION OF REMEDIES:

Appellants' negligence claim barred by, appellants had received workers' compensation settlement, circuit court's decision affirmed. Id.

Municipality's constitutional obligation. Thompson v. City of Siloam Springs, 351 EMINENT DOMAIN:

"Taking" discussed. Id. Inverse condemnation, appellants' proof did not support claim for. Id.

Taking, evidence did not support appellants' claim that appellee city damaged property so as to substantially oust them. Id.

Appellants did not show appellee city ever took possession of property. Id. Taking, appellee city's actions did not constitute. Id.

ESTOPPEL:

Necessary elements. Bedford v. Fox, 509

All elements present for establishing estoppel against appellees. Id.

Trial court erred in finding that elements of estoppel were not met by appellant. Id. Trial court erred in ruling that person to be estopped must have created infirmity, reversed and remanded. Id.

EVIDENCE:

When suppressed evidence admissible, convictions would have been affirmed in any

Rulings on admission of evidence within trial court's discretion, rulings set aside only if discretion abused. Jameson v. State, 128

Factors under A.R.E. Rule 807(b)(7) carefully considered by trial judge, no abuse of

Review of evidentiary errors, abuse-of-discretion standard. Parker v. State, 137

Evidentiary rulings, trial court's broad discretion. Id.

Jury's role. Id.

Expert testimony, trial court has discretion in admissibility of. Id.

Expert testimony, admissibility, balancing test. Id.

Expert testimony, admissibility, critical factor. Id.

Expert testimony, out-of-state authority rejected. Id.

Expert testimony, trial court did not abuse discretion in excluding forensic psychologist's testimony. Id.

Demonstrative evidence, general rule. Id.

Demonstrative evidence, ski mask appellant sought to use was not similar to one described by eyewitnesses, demonstration not critical to defense. Id.

Demonstrative evidence, trial court did not abuse discretion in excluding ski mask. Id.

Prejudicial evidence, trial court's discretion. Id.

Other crimes, admissibility, showing motive. Id.

Attempted drug transaction, trial court did not err in admitting testimony about. Id. Prior threat, trial court did not abuse discretion in allowing witness to testify about meaning of appellant's statement. Id.

Substantial evidence defined. Morgan v. State, 294

Relevance, trial court's discretion. Id.

Trial court did not abuse discretion in refusing to admit commitment order. Id.

Substantial evidence discussed, factors on review. Lever v. State, 377

Prior offenses, when admissible. Dillard v. State, 418

Prior offenses, evidence of prior sexual abuse of children admissible. Id.

Prior offenses, focal point of exceptions analysis. Id.

Prior offenses, evidence of prior sexual abuse of children independently admissible under Ark. R. Evid. 404(b). Id.

Trial court's denial of motion to suppress statements not clearly erroneous. Tabor v.

Criminal contempt proceeding, proof required, factors on review. Arkansas Dep't of

Finding of willful contempt, supported by substantial evidence. Id.

Denial of motion to suppress, review of. Fultz v. State, 586

Challenge to sufficiency of, factors on review. Id.

Possession conviction, constructive possession sufficient. Id.

Appellant had constructive possession of drugs, evidence sufficient to support

Timely objections made under Ark. R. Evid. 404(b), trial court's decision regarding admission of evidence not reversed absent manifest abuse of discretion. Id.

Direct evidence given of appellant's participation in conspiracy, trial court did not manifestly abuse its discretion in admitting testimony. Id.

Challenges to sufficiency of, only evidence favorable to appellee need be considered.

Conviction for simultaneous possession under Ark. Code Ann. § 5-74-106, evidence

Ark. R. Evid. 404(b), interpretation of. Id.

Prior similar acts admissible to show intent, no abuse of discretion found. Id.

Jurisdiction of probate court, cannot try title to property claimed by stranger to estate. EXECUTORS & ADMINISTRATORS:

Appellant was stranger to estate, probate court lacked jurisdiction, case remanded to probate court for transfer to proper court. Id.

Construction of, burdens of proof under Ark. Code Ann. § 5-64-505(a)(4) clear. State FORFEITURES:

Ark. Code Ann. § 5-64-505, State met its burden of proof, proof then required by

Trial court erred in ruling that forfeiture statute did not compel vehicle's owner to show both that she lacked knowledge that her car was illegally used to transport drugs and that boyfriend had no such knowledge, case reversed and remanded. Id. Federal forfeiture law, compared to Arkansas's law. Id.

Only appellee business entities could assert claim. First Commercial Bank, N.A. v. FRAUD:

Elements of. Golden Tee, Inc. v. Venture Golf Schs., Inc., 253

Failure to prove essential element, summary judgment appropriate. Id.

Future events or conduct may not form basis of claim. Id.

Appellant did not meet burden of proving misrepresentations, trial court did not err in

Appellant's allegations concerning charging of future lease payments against partnership

should have been pursued in derivative suit. Id. Chancellor properly dismissed appellant's complaint. McAdams v. Ellington, 362

Elements of, appellant did not allege facts sufficient to satisfy. Id.

Fraudulent conveyance, sale of diamonds did not constitute. Id.

Subject-matter jurisdiction, garnishee cannot be held upon garnishment without it. GARNISHMENT: Moory v. Quadras, Inc., 624

Plural phrase "writs of execution" refers to one form of collecting on judgment with Writ of, distinguished from writ of execution. Id. writ of execution, trial court correct in quashing appellants' writs of garnishment. Id.

Promises of debtor and guarantor are independent. First Commercial Bank, N.A. v. GUARANTY:

Majority shareholder did not have standing to pursue causes of action belonging to corporate borrowers, acted only as guarantor. Id.

Petition for, when granted. Simpson v. Sheriff of Dallas County, 277 HABEAS CORPUS: "Typical" case, when petitioner's detention not seen as "without lawful authority." Id. Extraordinary remedy, when invoked. Id.

Detainee held in violation of Ark. Rule Crim. P. 28.1(a), no way of obtaining appellate review of trial judge's adverse ruling on his motion for release unless detainee allowed to bring petition for extraordinary writ in supreme court. Id. Pretrial detainee denied release under Rule 28.1(a) may seek writ of mandamus in supreme court, possible availability of mandamus does not foreclose availability of

Pretrial detainee denied motion for release under Rule 28.1 may file petition for habeas

Appellant's detention not in violation of Rule 28.1(a), petition for writ denied. Id.

INSURANCE:

Review of policies, interpretation of. Vincent v. Prudential Ins. Brokerage, 414 Exclusion provision clear, appellant's argument failed. Id. Appellant's argument without merit, Medicare is not "other insurance." Id. Omnibus clause, initial-permission rule. Liberty Mut. Ins. Co. v. Thomas, 655 Omnibus clause, initial-permission rule, conversion exception not applicable. Id. INTEREST:

Prejudgment interest, when allowable. Ozarks Unlimited Resources Coop., Inc. v. Daniels, 214 Prejudgment interest, trial court did not err in awarding to appellees. Id. JUDGES:

Appearance of bias to be avoided, determination of abuse of discretion. Arkansas Dep't

Alleged bias insufficient to warrant recusal, issue affirmed on merits. Id.

Argument and allegations as to bias already made, trial court affirmed. Id.

Recusal, hearing not requested, decision on merits not reversed. Black v. Van

Recusal, discretionary decision, review. Id.

Presumption of impartiality, burden on party seeking disqualification. Id.

Bias, newspaper articles not part of record are not relied upon, communication of bias

Bias, evidence based on matters not in record is not considered. Id.

Bias, no evidence of communication of. Id.

JUDGMENT:

Summary judgment, when granted. Adams v. Arthur, 53

Summary judgment, standard of review. Id.

Summary judgment, when trial court may resolve fact issues as matter of law. Id.

Summary judgment, allegation of fraudulent concealment not well suited for. Id.

Summary judgment for doctors affirmed in appellant A's case, doctor's statements did not create fact question as to fraudulent concealment. Id.

Summary judgment for doctors reversed in appellants R and S's case, representation concerning nature of material to be used in surgery created fact question as to fraudulent concealment. Id.

Summary judgment for doctors reversed in case of appellants B and C, alleged misrepresentation created fact question as to fraudulent concealment. Id.

Summary judgment for doctors affirmed in case of appellants G and H, fact question as to fraudulent concealment not established. *Id.*

Summary judgment for doctors affirmed in case of appellants L and M, no representations made concerning material to be used in surgery. Id.

Summary judgment for doctors reversed in cases of appellants E and F, P and Q, N and O, K, and D, representations created fact question as to fraudulent concealment. *Id.*

Summary judgment for doctors reversed in case of appellants I and J, representation that material was "not experimental" created fact question as to fraudulent concealment. *Id.*

Summary judgment for doctors reversed in case of appellants T and U, appellant T not told material was fractured. *Id.*

Summary judgment for hospitals affirmed on fraudulent-concealment claims, evidence of affirmative conduct lacking. *Id.*

Summary judgment for hospitals Limitation of actions, Medical Malpractice Act's twoyear period governed appellants' product-liability claims. *Id.*

Res judicata, when applicable. First Commercial Bank, N.A. v. Walker, 100

Res judicata, did not require circuit court to adopt chancellor's rulings on remand. *Id.* Purpose of summary judgment, trial court's grant of summary judgment proper.

'urpose of summary judgment, trial court's grant of summary judgment prop. Gourley v. Crossett Pub. Sch., 178

Summary judgment, denial of motion generally not reviewable or appealable. Ozarks Unlimited Resources Coop., Inc. v. Daniels, 214

Summary judgment, when general rule regarding denial inapplicable. Id.

Summary judgment, appeal of denial, standard of review. Id.

Summary judgment, standard of review. Golden Tee, Inc. v. Venture Golf Schs., Inc., 253

Summary judgment, response and supporting material must show genuine issue of fact. Id.

Summary judgment, guidelines. Thompson v. City of Siloam Springs, 351

Summary judgment, allegations in complaint are not proof. Id.

Summary judgment, matters to be considered in proceedings. UMLIC 2 Funding Corp. v. Butcher, 442

Summary judgment, when allowed. Id.

Summary judgment, appropriate when statute of limitations bars action. Id.

Summary judgment, when granted. Village Market, Inc. v. State Farm Gen. Ins. Co., 552

Summary judgment, standard of review. Id.

Summary judgment, appellee entitled to due to appellant's failure to comply with duty under policy to set aside damaged property for inspection. *Id.*

Summary judgment, standard of review. Liberty Mut. Ins. Co. v. Thomas, 655

Summary judgment, trial court did not err in awarding to appellee. Id.

JUDICIAL SALES:

When complete, may be set aside before confirmation for legitimate reason. Dellinger v. First Nat'l Bank of Russellville, 460

JURISDICTION:

Arkansas Constitution confers on supreme court authority to entertain and grant petitions for writs of habeas corpus. Simpson v. Sheriff of Dallas County, 277 Habeas corpus statute allows members of supreme court to issue writ "upon proper application", power of court to issue writs is coextensive with state. Id. Domicile and residence defined. In Re: Adoption of Samant, 471

Term defined. Kelch v. Erwin, 567

How probate-court jurisdiction established, late psychiatric report will not deprive court of jurisdiction. Daniels v. State, 620

JURY:

Authority of trier of fact. Parker v. State, 137

Verdict affirmed if supported by substantial evidence. Morgan v. State, 294

Not bound to find expert's testimony conclusive. Id.

Determines weight to be given evidence. Id.

JUVENILES:

Iuvenile criminal case, factors on review. Garcia v. State, 26

Engaging in violent criminal activity is enhancement of punishment statute rather than substantive offense. *Jones v. State*, 208

Circuit court had no jurisdiction to try separate appellant for second-degree battery, case reversed and remanded in part for transfer to juvenile court. *Id.*

Criteria for family services met, trial court ordered services to prevent child from being removed from her mother. Arkansas Dep't of Human Servs. v. R.P., 516

Requirements of statute inapplicable, trial court's order was not defective under Ark. Code Ann. § 9-27-328 (Repl. 1993). *Id*.

Juvenile court's orders, need not comply with appellant agency's policy. Id.

Funds available to pay bills, trial court's order did not exceed statutory authority. Id.

Distinctive treatment of juvenile offenders. L.H. v. State, 613

LACHES:

Requirement, defendants did not show position changed to their detriment in reliance upon plaintiffs' delay in bringing claim. Swink v. Giffin, 400

LANDLORD & TENANT:

Termination of lease by landlord's reentry. Ozarks Unlimited Resources Coop., Inc. v. Daniels, 214

LIMITATION OF ACTIONS:

Running of statute of limitations as defense, shifting burden. Adams v. Arthur, 53

Fraud suspends running of statute of limitations. *Id.*Fraudulent concealment, requirements for tolling statute. *Id.*

Two-year period in Medical Malpractice Act supersedes three-year period in Product Liability Act. Id.

Public-policy matter, General Assembly's prerogative. Id.

Foreclosure action, six-year federal limitations period adopted. UMLIC 2 Funding Corp. v. Butcher, 442

Foreclosure action, timely filed by appellant. Id.

Foreclosure action, trial court erred in finding suit barred because it was not filed within one year, reversed and remanded. *Id*.

MANDAMUS, WRIT OF:

Trial court's ruling on, when reversed. Hanley v. Arkansas State Claims Comm'n, 159

When appropriate, first factor to be established. Id.

When appropriate, second factor to be established. Id.

Appellant failed to establish both factors, no abuse of discretion in trial court's denial of appellant's petition for writ. Id.

MASTER & SERVANT:

Appellee's right to employment nonexistent. Robinson v. Langdon, 662 Discharge, violation of public policy, no authority cited or argument made by appellee. Id. Employee handbook, requirements. Id.

MORTGAGES:

Right of redemption, waiver of. Dellinger v. First Nat'l Bank of Russellville, 460 Buyer of property at judicial sale, protections afforded. Id. Statutory waiver of right to redemption absolute bar to mortgagor's right to redeem, no error in chancery court's finding that appellants waived their right to redemption. Id.

MOTIONS:

Denial of motion to suppress, standard of review. Thompson v. State, 92

Directed verdict, review of denial. Jameson v. State, 128

Continuance, factors to be considered. Morgan v. State, 294

Continuance, expert's expected testimony would have been cumulative, trial court did not err in denying appellant's motion. Id.

Directed verdict, trial court did not err in denying. Id.

Acquittal, when order may be entered or properly denied, discretionary decision. Id. Acquittal, trial court did not abuse discretion in denying. Id.

Motion to suppress, review of. Tabor v. State, 429

Motion for expedited consideration of motion to stay granted, temporary stay granted, motion to expedite appeal granted, briefing schedule set. Seeco, Inc. v. Hales, 469

When motion to dismiss will be treated as summary-judgment motion. Coats ν .

Inculpatory statement admitted, motion to suppress properly denied. Johnson v. State, 673

Posttrial, ineffective because filed prior to entry of judgment. Brown v. State, 698

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS:

Powers of, expressly conferred by legislature. Phillips v. Town of Oak Grove, 183 Exercise of police power, when justified. Id.

Ark. Code Ann. § 14-54-102(1987), power granted. Id.

Power granted, appellee town could legislate for protection of public health. Id. Regulation under police power, mere possibility of public harm is sufficient basis for. Id. Lawful business that poses possibility of harm can be regulated even if ordinance excludes operation of business within city limits, ordinance here does so. Id. "Regulation versus prohibition" rule not rigidly applied, appellee may regulate and prohibit commercial swine and fowl businesses under its police power unless such deprivation without rational basis. Id.

Distinction based on keeping fowl for commercial or private purposes, rational nexus for distinction apparent. Id.

Equal protection allows legislation that recognizes degrees of evil, appellee did not act arbitrarily, capriciously, or unreasonably in enacting ordinance. Id.

Appellant's assertion without merit, court's role not to discover actual basis for legislation, court considers whether rational basis for law exists. *Id.*

Petition for incorporation, hearing, statutory use of term "may" indicated interested persons could rather than must appear and contest. Campbell v. City of Cherokee Village West, 310

Complaint to prevent organization, character of action. Id.

Complaint to prevent organization, standing to file in circuit court, only "person interested" required by statute. *Id*.

Complaint to prevent organization, "person interested" defined, test for determining interest. *Id.*

Complaint to prevent organization, appellant had standing to bring complaint and was entitled to hearing, case reversed and remanded. *Id.*

Incompatibility doctrine. Thompson v. Roberts, 544

Incompatibility doctrine, trial court erred in finding that appellants failed to carry burden of proof, bookkeeper subject to supervisory power of mayor. *Id.*

Interest in offices or contracts by council members prohibited by statute, applicable to mayors, appellee's position as bookkeeper could be seen as prohibited interest. *Id. quantum menuit* defense, issue not reached by trial court, determination to be made on remand. *Id.*

PARENT & CHILD:

Termination of parental rights, Act 1227 of 1997, Department of Human Services not required to have physical or legal custody to bring petition. Moore v. Arkansas Dep't of Human Servs., 288

Termination of parental rights, appellee continued to have legal custody of child until chancery court dismissed action. Id.

Termination of parental rights, clear and convincing evidence that child was dependent-neglected, chancellor's order affirmed. *Id.*

Parental obligation of support, parent may contractually agree to support child past age of majority. Van Camp v. Van Camp, 320

Order did not change obligations of parties under negotiated property-settlement agreement, no reversible error in chancellor's issuance of order to "correct" order purporting to terminate appellant's legal obligation to support child past age of majority. *Id.*

Child support, modification of. Littles v. Flemings, 476

Support modification, effect of Ark. Code Ann. § 9-10-115(d) (Supp. 1995), chancellor erred in declining to terminate appellant's obligation for future child-support payments. *Id.*

Future support obligations, when "adjudicated father" may be entitled to relief from. *Id.* "Unclean hands" conduct alleged by appellant unsupported by cited caselaw, any false testimony by appellee was intrinsic fraud and not ground for reversal. *Id.*

PARTIES:

Judicial immunity, absolute immunity. Robinson v. Langdon, 662 Judicial immunity, test for. Id.

Judicial immunity, agency hearing officer's role met description of facts warranting. *Id.* Qualified immunity, applicable to state agency employees under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, standard. *Id.*

PARTNERSHIP:

Derivative or individual action by limited partner, criteria. Golden Tee, Inc. v. Venture Golf Schs., Inc., 253

Action for breach of partnership agreement, may be brought as individual or partnership action. *Id.*

Action for breach of partnership agreement, limited partner should have asserted claims in derivative suit, summary judgment affirmed. *Id*.

Fiduciary obligation of partners. Id.

Statutory fiduciary duty. Id.

Fiduciary duty owed by general partners to partnership, derivative action required. *Id.* Action for fraud may be brought as individual or derivative suit. *Id.*

When limited partner may bring action in right of limited partnership. *Id.* Derivative actions, policy considerations. *Id.*

PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS:

Medical malpractice, proof of knowing concealment not always necessary to show fraudulent concealment. *Adams v. Arthur*, 53

Medical malpractice, alleged breach of duty to obtain informed consent not equated with fact question as to fraudulent concealment. *Id.*

Medical malpractice, heart of appellants' case was whether consent was informed. *Id.* Medical malpractice, limitations period, affirmative misrepresentation regarding surgery may operate to conceal patient's cause of action. *Id.*

PLEADING:

Denial of allegation not equivalent to stating facts sufficient to support defense. Southern Transit Co. v. Collums, 170

PROCESS:

Summons, compliance with technical requirements must be exact. Southern Transit Co. v. Collums, 170

Insufficiency of, when defense is waived. Id.

Insufficiency of, appellant's defense waived. Id.

Insufficiency of, appellant's denial that court had personal jurisdiction did not sufficiently raise defense. *Id*.

Service, appellant's exhibits satisfied Ark. R. Civ. P. 4, denial of motion for default judgment reversed. *McAdams v. Ellington*, 362

PROHIBITION, WRIT OF:

When appropriate. Kelch v. Erwin, 567 Authorized by rules of criminal procedure. Id.

PROPERTY

Appellants' request for rescission untimely, federal Truth-in-Lending Act limits obligor's right to rescind consumer-credit transaction. *Collins v. Keller*, 238

Interstate Land Sales Act, rescission by purchaser of property limited by provisions. *Id.*Appellants failed to act timely under provisions of Truth-in-Lending and Interstate Land Sales Acts, defense not asserted until more than three years after contract consummated. *Id.*

Appellants not entitled to rescission of contract, trial court appropriately addressed rental damages due appellees under contract. *Id.*Inverse condemnation discussed. *Thompson v. City of Siloam Springs*, 351

REFORMATION OF INSTRUMENTS:

Power of trial court, standard of review. Hope v. Hope, 324 Courts of equity, when writing will be reformed. Id. Reformation of deed based on mutual mistake, whole body of testimony reviewed. Id.

SCHOOLS & SCHOOL DISTRICTS:

Education service cooperatives, comparable to school districts. Ozarks Unlimited Resources Coop., Inc. v. Daniels, 214

Education service cooperatives, governing legislative act. Id.

Trial court did not err in finding appellant's five-year lease was not violative of Ark. Code Ann. § 6-20-402. *Id.*

SEARCH & SEIZURE:

Warrantless inventory search of vehicle, when allowed. Thompson v. State, 92 Warrantless inventory search of vehicle, action must be taken in good faith and in accordance with standard police procedures. Id.

Inventory search of impouded vehicle, when permissible. Id.

Inventory search, officer justified in impounding and completing inventory of vehicle. *Id.* Inventory search, opening closed containers. *Id.*

Inventory search, opening closed container, standard policy required officer to open container. *Id.*

Inventory search, appellant's Fourth Amendment rights not violated. Id.

Anticipatory warrant, validity of. Sims v. State, 405

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ARKANSAS APPELLATE REPORTS

Volume 62

CASES DETERMINED IN THE

Court of Appeals of Arkansas

FROM April 29, 1998 — June 24, 1998 INCLUSIVE

WILLIAM B. JONES, JR. REPORTER OF DECISIONS

CINDY M. ENGLISH
ASSISTANT
REPORTER OF DECISIONS

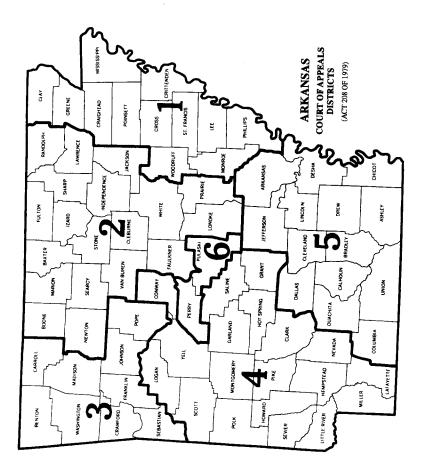
PUBLISHED BY THE STATE OF ARKANSAS 1998 60 Ark. App. at 295; line one: The word "appellant" should be "appellee."

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JUDGES AND OFFICERS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS OF ARKANSAS

DURING THE PERIOD COVERED BY THIS VOLUME (April 29, 1998 — June 24, 1998, inclusive)

JUDGES

OFFICERS

WINSTON BRYANT LESLIE W. STEEN JACQUELINE S. WRIGHT WILLIAM B. JONES, JR.

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- ⁷ Position 7.
- ⁸ Position 8.
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Rule 5-2

Rules of the Arkansas Supreme Court and Court of Appeals

OPINIONS

- (a) SUPREME COURT SIGNED OPINIONS. All signed opinions of the Supreme Court shall be designated for publication.
- (b) COURT OF APPEALS OPINION FORM. Opinions of the Court of Appeals may be in conventional form or in memorandum form. They shall be filed with the Clerk. The opinions need not contain a detailed statement of the facts, but may set forth only such matters as may be necessary to an understandable discussion of the errors urged. In appeals from decisions of the Arkansas Board of Review in unemployment compensation cases, when the Court finds the decision appealed from is supported by substantial evidence, that there is an absence of fraud, no error of law appears in the record and an opinion would have no precedential value, the order may be affirmed without opinion.
- (c) COURT OF APPEALS PUBLISHED OPINIONS. Opinions of the Court of Appeals which resolve novel or unusual questions will be released for publication when the opinions are announced and filed with the Clerk. The Court of Appeals may consider the question of whether to publish an opinion at its decision-making conference and at that time, if appropriate, make a tentative decision not to publish. Concurring and dissenting opinions will be published only if the majority opinion is published. All opinions that are not to be published shall be marked "Not Designated For Publication."
- (d) COURT OF APPEALS UNPUBLISHED OPIN-IONS. Opinions of the Court of Appeals not designated for publication shall not be published in the *Arkansas Reports* and shall not

be cited, quoted, or referred to by any court or in any argument, brief, or other materials presented to any court (except in continuing or related litigation upon an issue such as res judicata, collateral estoppel, or law of the case). Opinions not designated for publication shall be listed in the *Arkansas Reports* by case number, style, date, and disposition.

(e) COPIES OF ALL OPINIONS — In every case the Clerk will furnish, without charge, one typewritten copy of all of the Court's published or unpublished opinions in the case to counsel for every party on whose behalf a separate brief was filed. The charge for additional copies is fixed by statute.

OPINIONS NOT DESIGNATED FOR PUBLICATION

- A-Team v. Haynes, CA 97-1234 (Griffen, J.), affirmed June 3, 1998.
- Arkadelphia Pub. Schs. v. Tipton, CA 97-1505 (Stroud, J.), reversed June 3, 1998.
- Bailey v. State, CA CR 97-1341 (Meads, J.), affirmed June 17, 1998.
- Baker v. GenCorp Automotive, Inc., CA 97-784 (Griffen, J.), affirmed May 13, 1998.
- Ball v. Mid-Century Ins. Co., CA 97-1219 (Roaf, J.), affirmed May 13, 1998.
- Ballenger Paving Co. v. Johnson, CA 98-20 (Per Curiam), Motion of Separate Appellee, Lillian Bastedo, for Writ of Certiorari to Complete the Record; granted in part and denied in part May 20, 1998.
- Baugh v. State, CA CR 97-1005 (Bird, J.), reversed and remanded May 6, 1998.
- Baxter County Reg'l Hosp. v. Munson, CA 97-1041 (Bird, J.), affirmed May 13, 1998.
- Beasley v. State, CA CR 97-1143 (Crabtree, J.), affirmed May 27, 1998.
- Beavers v. Edward Bros., Inc., CA 97-1361 (Neal, J.), affirmed May 27, 1998.
- Bechtel Power Corp. v. Furr, CA 97-1419 (Crabtree, J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.
- Blackstone v. Everett, CA 97-992 (Jennings, J.), affirmed June 17, 1998.
- Boner v. State, CA CR 97-1519 (Robbins, C.J.), affirmed June 24, 1998.
- Booker v. State, CA CR 97-1211 (Neal, J.), affirmed May 13, 1998.
- Brazille v. Brazille, CA 97-1384 (Arey, J.), reversed May 20, 1998. Bridger v. Rowbotham, CA 97-1193 (Crabtree, J.), affirmed June 17, 1998. Rehearing denied August 19, 1998.
- Calvert v. State, CA CR 97-1508 (Griffen, J.), affirmed; Attorney's Petition to Withdraw granted June 17, 1998.
- Campbell v. Midsouth Mfg., Inc., CA 97-1288 (Rogers, J.), affirmed May 13, 1998.

- Claybaugh v. State, CA CR 97-1321 (Meads, J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.
- Clute v. State, CA CR 97-1429 (Rogers, J.), affirmed June 3, 1998.
- Collins v. Collins, CA 97-945 (Per Curiam), Petition for Rehearing granted in part; denied in part April 29, 1998.
- Colonial Earth Grains v. Freeman, CA 97-1420 (Meads, J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.
- Colvin v. State, CA CR 97-1353 (Pittman, J.), affirmed June 17, 1998. Rehearing denied August 26, 1998.
- Combs v. State, CA CR 97-1322 (Meads, J.), affirmed as modified May 6, 1998.
- Cothren v. State, CA CR 97-1230 (Stroud, J.), affirmed May 6, 1998.
- Covin v. State, CA CR 97-1035 (Rogers, J.), affirmed May 6, 1998.
- Cullum v. Richards, CA 97-1405 (Griffen, J.), appeal dismissed May 27, 1998.
- Dana Corp. v. Weeks, CA 97-1087 (Pittman, J.), affirmed May 6, 1998.
- Daniels v. State, CA CR 97-1262 (Roaf, J.), affirmed May 27, 1998.
- Davis v. Davis, CA 97-736 (Jennings, J.), affirmed as modified; reversed in part; and affirmed on cross-appeal June 17, 1998.
- Davis v. Ms. G's Deli, CA 97-1295 (Arey, J.), reversed and remanded May 6, 1998.
- Davis v. State, CA CR 97-1237 (Crabtree, J.), affirmed May 13, 1998
- Dollar v. State, CA CR 97-1383 (Arey, J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.
- Ducharme v. Tapp, CA 97-1110 (Bird, J.), affirmed on direct appeal; affirmed as modified on cross-appeal May 27, 1998.
- Dunn v. State, CA CR 97-858 (Jennings, J.), affirmed May 6, 1998.
- E.H. Wiley Trucking Co. v. Smith, CA 97-1352 (Rogers, J.), affirmed May 6, 1998.
- Embry v. State, CA CR 97-1229 (Robbins, C.J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.

- Ensey v. State, CA CR 97-852 (Jennings, J.), affirmed April 29, 1998.
- Essex v. Essex, CA 97-1393 (Neal, J.), affirmed on direct appeal; reversed and remanded on cross-appeal April 29, 1998.
- Farms v. White, CA 97-1424 (Bird, J.), remanded May 27, 1998.
- Fisher v. Mitchell, CA 97-1148 (Robbins, C.J.), affirmed April 29, 1998. Rehearing denied June 17, 1998.
- Garcia v. State, CA CR 97-1024 (Rogers, J.), affirmed April 29, 1998.
- Garner v. State, CA CR 97-1249 (Neal, J.), affirmed April 29, 1998.
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- Green v. Spanhanks, CA 97-317 (Griffen, J.), affirmed May 6, 1998.
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- Henry v. State, CA CR 97-778 (Robbins, C.J.), remanded for rebriefing May 6, 1998.
- Hill v. State, CA CR 97-1348 (Roaf, J.), affirmed April 29, 1998. Hudson v. State, CA CR 97-1156 (Meads, J.), affirmed May 27,
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- Hudson Foods, Inc. v. Coker Bldg. Co., CA 97-1141 (Neal, J.), reversed and remanded June 17, 1998.
- Hutchins Greenhouse & Nursery, Inc. v. Vaughn, CA 97-1274 (Pittman, J.), appeal dismissed June 17, 1998.
- Hutchinson v. State, CA CR 97-1094 (Rogers, J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.
- Ingram v. State, CA CR 97-1114 (Rogers, J.), affirmed May 27, 1998.
- International Paper Co. v. Bollier, CA 97-1324 (Jennings, J.), dismissed May 20, 1998.

J&P Reithemeyer Land, Inc. v. AMP Farms, Inc., CA 97-1158 (Stroud, J.), appeal dismissed May 6, 1998.

J.B. Hunt Transport v. Reed, CA 97-1445 (Jennings, J.), affirmed June 3, 1998.

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Janes v. State, CA CR 97-738 (Jennings, J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.

Jefferson v. Munsey Prods., Inc., CA 97-851 (Jennings, J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.

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Johnson, Joseph Henry v. State, CA CR 97-776 (Pittman, J.), affirmed April 29, 1998.

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Lineberry v. Bailey, CA 97-1194 (Crabtree, J.), affirmed May 13, 1998.

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- Livingston v. State, CA CR 97-1287 (Meads, J.), affirmed June 3, 1998
- Love v. State, CA CR 97-1282 (Crabtree, J.), affirmed in part; reversed and remanded for sentencing May 6, 1998.
- Mackey v. Baggett, CA 97-1514 (Meads, J.), affirmed June 24, 1998. Rehearing denied August 19, 1998.
- Marina, LLC v. Burton, CA 97-1013 (Stroud, J.), affirmed on direct and cross-appeal May 6, 1998. Rehearing denied June 17, 1998.
- Martin v. Director, E 98-52 (Roaf, J.), reversed and remanded June 24, 1998.
- Martin v. State, CA CR 97-1128 (Stroud, J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.
- Mason v. State, CA CR 97-1338 (Pittman, J.), affirmed June 3, 1998.
- McCaughan v. McCaughan, CA 97-1226 (Pittman, J.), appeal and cross-appeal dismissed May 13, 1998.
- McConnell v. Peoples Bank & Trust, CA 97-1238 (Crabtree, J.), affirmed May 13, 1998.
- Merry v. State, CA CR 97-1370 (Arey, J.), affirmed June 17, 1998.
- Miller v. Miller, CA 97-947 (Jennings, J.), remanded May 6, 1998.
- Mitchell v. State, CA CR 97-1475 (Neal, J.), affirmed June 24, 1998.
- Moore ν. State, CA CR 97-1059 (Bird, J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.
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- Neal v. State, CA CR 97-1497 (Jennings, J.), affirmed May 27, 1998.
- Neely v. State, CA CR 97-1486 (Bird, J.), affirmed June 17, 1998. Nesbitt v. Hogrobrooks, CA 97-1127 (Bird, J.), affirmed May 20,
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- Odem v. State, CA CR 97-1106 (Stroud, J.), affirmed April 29, 1998.
- Olles, Bobby v. Bastion, CA 97-1171 (Robbins, C.J.), affirmed June 3, 1998.
- Olles, Bobby v. Bastion, CA 97-983 (Robbins, C.J.), affirmed June 17, 1998.
- Olson v. State, CA CR 97-756 (Pittman, J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.
- Olympus Constr. Co. v. Cullum, CA 97-1247 (Pittman, J.), reversed and remanded June 17, 1998.
- Owens v. State, CA CR 97-1349 (Griffen, J.), affirmed June 17, 1998.
- Parsley v. Parsley, CA 97-1027 (Neal, J.), affirmed May 27, 1998. Petit Jean Poultry, Inc. v. Khamsomphou, CA 97-1319 (Pittman, J.), reversed and remanded April 29, 1998.
- Phoenix Technologies v. Spurlock, CA 97-1320 (Arey, J.), affirmed June 3, 1998.
- Pike v. State, CA CR 98-21 (Neal, J.), affirmed June 17, 1998. Plyler v. Harding & Harding Motors, Inc., CA 97-938 (Arey, J.), affirmed April 29, 1998. Rehearing denied May 27, 1998.
- Poole v. Brown, CA 97-1265 (Roaf, J.), affirmed as modified June 17, 1998.
- Ramsey v. State, CA CR 97-1239 (Rogers, J.), affirmed May 6, 1998.
- Randolph v. State, CA CR 97-1500 (Stroud, J.), affirmed June 3, 1998.
- Reams v. State, CA CR 97-1466 (Jennings, J.), affirmed June 17, 1998.
- Remley v. State, CA CR 97-1382 (Crabtree, J.), affirmed June 17, 1998.
- Ritter v. State, CA CR 97-944 (Neal, J.), affirmed May 27, 1998. Rehearing denied August 26, 1998.
- Rohloff v. State, CA CR 97-1494 (Arey, J.), affirmed May 27, 1998.
- Saunders ν . Dearmore, CA 97-1039 (Jennings, J.), affirmed June 3, 1998.
- Scroggins v. State, CA CR 97-1248 (Neal, J.), rebriefing ordered May 20, 1998.

- Second Injury Fund ν. Allen, CA 97-1216 (Neal, J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.
- Seiz Co. v. Seiz, CA 97-1047 (Crabtree, J.), affirmed in part and reversed in part on direct appeal; affirmed on cross-appeal June 17, 1998. Rehearing denied August 19, 1998.
- Sharp Chevrolet, Inc. v. Sharp, CA 97-1337 (Jennings, J.), affirmed May 13, 1998.
- Sharpe v. State, CA CR 97-1071 (Bird, J.), affirmed April 29, 1998.
- Shelter Mut. Ins. Co. v. Tallent, CA 97-1296 (Stroud, J.), affirmed in part; reversed in part April 29, 1998. Rehearing denied May 27, 1998.
- Smith v. Trinova/Aeroquip, CA 97-1207 (Meads, J.), affirmed May 27, 1998.
- Snyder v. State, CA CR 97-1250 (Griffen, J.), affirmed May 13, 1998.
- Southern Steel & Wire v. Barnette, CA 97-1452 (Bird, J.), affirmed June 24, 1998.
- Spurlock v. State, CA CR 97-1260 (Griffen, J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.
- Stocks v. Stocks, CA 97-1023 (Stroud, J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.
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- Straw v. State, CA CR 97-1223 (Griffen, J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.
- Superior Indus. v. Walker, CA 97-1465 (Robbins, C.J.), affirmed May 20, 1998.
- Talley v. State, CA CR 97-1202 (Meads, J.), affirmed as modified as to Carter; affirmed as to Talley June 24, 1998.
- Thessing v. City of Conway, CA 97-1532 (Robbins, C.J.), affirmed June 3, 1998.
- Thomas v. State, CA CR 97-1411 (Bird, J.), affirmed June 24, 1998.
- Todd v. Ruth's Employment Serv., CA 97-1251 (Pittman, J.), affirmed June 24, 1998. Rehearing denied August 19, 1998.
- Tyson Foods, Inc. v. Cisneros, CA 97-1421 (Roaf, J.), affirmed May 20, 1998. Rehearing denied June 24, 1998.
- UAMS v. Harwell, CA 97-1423 (Robbins, C.J.), affirmed May 27, 1998.

- Uniserve South, Inc. v. Burt, CA 97-1448 (Roaf, J.), affirmed May 27, 1998.
- Walton v. State, CA CR 97-1292 (Pittman, J.), affirmed June 24, 1998.
- Webber v. Arkansas Dep't of Human Servs., CA 97-1085 (Jennings, J.), affirmed May 13, 1998.
- West v. State, CA CR 97-1187 (Griffen, J.), affirmed April 29, 1998.
- Western Arkansas Area Agency On Aging v. Gregg, CA 97-1430 (Pittman, J.), affirmed on appeal and cross-appeal May 13, 1998.
- Williams v. Ash Grove Cement Co., CA 97-1164 (Griffen, J.), affirmed May 13, 1998.
- Williams v. State, CA CR 97-1272 (Crabtree, J.), affirmed May 6, 1998.
- Wilson v. State, CA CR 97-1461 (Jennings, J.), reversed and remanded June 17, 1998.
- Woods v. State, CA CR 97-1328 (Meads, J.), affirmed May 6, 1998.
- Yancey v. State, CA CR 96-1127 (Jennings, J.), Counsel Relieved; New Counsel Appointed; rebriefing ordered May 6, 1998.

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