

ARKANSAS REPORTS VOLUME 324

ARKANSAS APPELLATE REPORTS VOLUME 53 [T]he law is the last result of human wisdom acting upon human experience for the benefit of the public.

— SAMUEL JOHNSON (1709-1784)

Volume 324 of the Arkansas Reports and Volume 53 of the Arkansas Appellate Reports mark the completion of a new, unified design for the series. Various elements have been introduced incrementally in recent volumes. The parallel-line motif is intended to echo the pinstripes on the spine, to give greater prominence to the running heads, and to evoke a traditional style.

This book was set in Bembo, a modern revival of a typeface created for the pioneering Venetian printer and publisher Aldus Manutius (1449-1515) by Francesco Griffo (fl. late 15th century), who is credited with setting the pattern for the principal roman faces and cutting the earliest italic type. The name derives from the font's first appearance in *De Aetna* (1496) by Pietro Cardinal Bembo (1470-1547), a leading literary figure of the Italian Renaissance.

THIS BOOK CONTAINS THE OFFICIAL

ARKANSAS REPORTS Volume 324

CASES DETERMINED IN THE

Supreme Court of Arkansas

FROM March 25, 1996 — May 28, 1996 INCLUSIVE¹

AND

ARKANSAS APPELLATE REPORTS Volume 53

CASES DETERMINED IN THE

Court of Appeals of Arkansas

FROM March 20, 1996 — May 22, 1996 INCLUSIVE²

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Arkansas Supreme Court cases (ARKANSAS REPORTS) are in the front section, pages 1 through 534. Cite as 324 Ark. __ (1996).

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309 Ark. at 179; first paragraph, line eleven: The word "appellant" should be "appellee."

Set in Bembo

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ARKANSAS REPORTS

Volume 324

CASES DETERMINED IN THE

Supreme Court of Arkansas

FROM March 25, 1996 — May 28, 1996 INCLUSIVE

WILLIAM B. JONES, JR. REPORTER OF DECISIONS

CINDY M. ENGLISH
ASSISTANT
REPORTER OF DECISIONS

PUBLISHED BY THE STATE OF ARKANSAS 1996

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JUSTICES AND OFFICERS OF THE SUPREME COURT OF ARKANSAS

DURING THE PERIOD COVERED BY THIS VOLUME (March 25, 1996 — May 28, 1996, inclusive)

JUSTICES

BRADLEY D. JESSON	Chief Justice
ROBERT H. DUDLEY	Justice
DAVID NEWBERN	Justice
TOM GLAZE	Justice
DONALD L. CORBIN	Justice
ROBERT L. BROWN	Justice
ANDREE LAYTON ROAF	Justice

OFFICERS

WINSTON BRYANT	Attorney General
LESLIE W. STEEN	Clerk
JACQUELINE S. WRIGHT	Librarian
WILLIAM B. JONES, JR.	Reporter of Decisions

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STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION OF OPINIONS

Rule 5-2

Rules of the Arkansas Supreme Court and Court of Appeals

OPINIONS

- (a) SUPREME COURT SIGNED OPINIONS. All signed opinions of the Supreme Court shall be designated for publication.
- (b) COURT OF APPEALS OPINION FORM. Opinions of the Court of Appeals may be in conventional form or in memorandum form. They shall be filed with the Clerk. The opinions need not contain a detailed statement of the facts, but may set forth only such matters as may be necessary to an understandable discussion of the errors urged. In appeals from decisions of the Arkansas Board of Review in unemployment compensation cases, when the Court finds the decision appealed from is supported by substantial evidence, that there is an absence of fraud, no error of law appears in the record and an opinion would have no precedential value, the order may be affirmed without opinion.
- (c) COURT OF APPEALS PUBLISHED OPINIONS. Opinions of the Court of Appeals which resolve novel or unusual questions will be released for publication when the opinions are announced and filed with the Clerk. The Court of Appeals may consider the question of whether to publish an opinion at its decision-making conference and at that time, if appropriate, make a tentative decision not to publish. Concurring and dissenting opinions will be published only if the majority opinion is published. All opinions that are not to be published shall be marked "Not Designated For Publication."
- (d) COURT OF APPEALS UNPUBLISHED OPIN-IONS. Opinions of the Court of Appeals not designated for publication shall not be published in the *Arkansas Reports* and shall not be cited, quoted, or referred to by any court or in any argument, brief, or other materials presented to any court (except in continuing or related litigation upon an issue such as res judicata, collateral estoppel, or law of the case). Opinions not designated for publication

shall be listed in the Arkansas Reports by case number, style, date, and disposition.

(e) COPIES OF ALL OPINIONS. — In every case the Clerk will furnish, without charge, one typewritten copy of all of the Court's published or unpublished opinions in the case to counsel for every party on whose behalf a separate brief was filed. The charge for additional copies is fixed by statute.

OPINIONS NOT DESIGNATED FOR PUBLICATION

Barnes u State, CR 96-114 (Per Curiam) Pro Se Motion for Belated Appeal denied March 25, 1996.

Baumgarner v. State, CR 96-308 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Rule on Clerk denied May 20, 1996.

Bowden v. State, CR 95-1258 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Transcript at Public Expense denied May 20, 1996.

Bradford v. State, CR 95-449 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Reconsideration of Motion for Belated Appeal and for Appointment of Counsel denied May 13, 1996.

Bradley v. State, CR 95-895 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion to Supplement Counsel's Brief and for Counsel to Raise Certain Issues On Appeal denied May 6, 1996.

Carrasco v. State, CR 95-1254 (Per Curiam), affirmed May 28, 1996.

Chatten v. State, CR 95-987 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Reconsideration denied and Pro Se Petition for Writ of Certiorari denied March 25, 1996.

Coleman ν State, 96-133 (Per Curiam), affirmed April 22, 1996. Davis ν State, CR 95-1235 (Per Curiam), affirmed April 22, 1996. Dunn ν Yates, CR 96-263 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Petition for Writ of Mandamus moot May 6, 1996.

Echols v. State, CR 96-76 (Per Curiam), affirmed May 13, 1996. Gaines v. Jones, 96-176 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Petition for Writ of Mandamus moot April 1, 1996.

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Greene, Jack Gordon v. State, CR 93-523 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Petition for Writ of Mandamus and Writ of Habeas Corpus moot April 29, 1996.

Huffman v State, CR 85-190 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for All Court Documents at Public Expense denied April 29, 1996.

Hughey v. State, CR 96-68 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Record and Extension of Time to File Brief denied and appeal dismissed April 29, 1996.

Jackson v. State, CR 95-520 (Per Curiam), affirmed May 6, 1996. Jones v. Davis, CR 96-192 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Petition for Writ of Mandamus moot May 28, 1996.

Lovell u State, CR 96-301 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Rule

- on Clerk denied May 6, 1996.
- Matthews v. State, 95-869 (Per Curiam), Petition for Rehearing denied April 29, 1996.
- Miller u State, CR 96-314 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Belated Appeal of Order and Motion to Amend Motion, motion for belated appeal denied; motion to amend moot May 13, 1996.
- Monk ν State, CR 95-1219 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Belated Motion for Extension of Time denied and appeal dismissed April 22, 1996.
- Mormon v. State, CR 96-302 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Rule On Clerk denied May 6, 1996.
- Morrow u State, CR 95-878 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Petition for Writ of Prohibition dismissed April 22, 1996.
- Nolen v. State, CR 96-191 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Belated Appeal of Judgment remanded April 29, 1996.
- Norman v. McCorkindale, CR 96-356 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Petition for Writ of Mandamus and Pro Se Motion to Supplement Record moot May 13, 1996.
- Olles u State, CR 96-64 (Per Curiam), affirmed April 29, 1996; Motion for Appointment of Counsel moot.
- Owens ν . State, CR 95-1187 (Per Curiam), affirmed May 28, 1996. Prince ν . State, CR 95-1349 (Per Curiam), affirmed May 20, 1996.
- Reynolds v State, CR 95-1343 (Per Curiam), affirmed May 13, 1996.
- Robinson ν State, CR 96-110 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Rule on the Clerk denied March 25, 1996.
- Seaton u State, CR 96-65 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Appointment of Counsel denied and appeal dismissed April 22, 1996.
- Shabazz v. Davis, 96-344 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Petition for Writ of Mandamus moot April 1, 1996.
- Smith u State, CR 96-285 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Access to Record and Motion for Extension of Time denied and appeal dismissed May 20, 1996.
- Spencer u State, CR 96-113 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for Belated Appeal of Order dismissed March 25, 1996.
- Walker ν State, CR 96-112 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motions for Extension of Time to File Brief, for Appointment of Counsel, and for Release On Bond, motion for extension of time

granted; motions for appointment of counsel and release on bond denied May 6, 1996.

Watts u State, CR 95-1350 (Per Curiam), affirmed April 29, 1996.
Weaver u State, CR 95-1205 (Per Curiam), Pro Se Motion for
Transcript at Public Expense denied April 1, 1996.

Williams v. State, 95-1362 (Per Curiam), affirmed April 22, 1996.

<u>APPENDIX</u>

Rules Adopted or Amended by Per Curiam Orders

IN RE: RULE XIII GOVERNING ADMISSION TO THE BAR

Supreme Court of Arkansas Opinion delivered May 13, 1996

PER CURIAM. The Arkansas State Board of Law Examiners has studied the issues raised where an applicant has exhibited recent behavior which brings into question the character and fitness of the applicant for initial admission to the Bar of Arkansas. The Board has concluded that the time has come to implement an alternative procedure whereby such applicants may have an opportunity to establish the requisite character and fitness in order to secure admission to the Bar of Arkansas. After considering a variety of proposals, the Board recommends the adoption of a deferral of licensure program.

In the opinion of the Board, this procedure balances the Board's obligation to protect the public interest when considering applicants for initial admission, and the applicant's obligation to establish to the Board's satisfaction a degree of good moral character and emotional stability which might warrant his or her admission to the Bar of Arkansas.

In the course of developing this deferral of licensure program, the Board scrutinized the entirety of our existing Rule XIII, presently titled "General Information." The Board suggests that the existing rule be given a new title and reorganized. The objective is to more precisely describe the procedures to be followed in connection with the admission process.

The Court finds that a deferral of licensure procedure is a worthwhile addition to the existing methods through which an applicant for initial admission may secure admission to the Bar of Arkansas. The Court also finds that it is appropriate to revise the organization and description of our existing Rule XIII.

Effective immediately, the Court hereby adopts and republishes in its entirety the attached Rule XIII, which will supersede existing Rule XIII. However, the provisions for deferral of initial admission shall not become available until the February 1997 Arkansas bar examination.

ARKANSAS RULES GOVERNING ADMISSION TO THE BAR

Rule XIII.

STANDARDS FOR ADMISSION — INITIAL REVIEW

The practice of law is a privilege. Admission to practice is based upon the grade made on the examination, moral qualifications, and mental and emotional stability.

In addition to meeting all other requirements of the Rules Governing Admission to the Bar, every applicant for admission to practice by examination and every applicant for reinstatement of license to practice must be of good moral character and mentally and emotionally stable. The determination of the eligibility of every such applicant shall be made in accordance with this rule and the burden of establishing eligibility shall be on the applicant. The standard of proof in these proceedings is preponderance of the evidence.

Every such applicant shall complete and file with the Executive Secretary of the Board an application, verified under oath, on a form approved by the Board. The Board shall require the submission of proof of good moral character and mental and emotional stability, and the Board may conduct whatever investigation it deems appropriate as to any applicant and may, at its discretion, require additional proof of these qualifications. Upon receipt of a petition seeking reinstatement of license to practice law after disbarment, or surrender of license, the Board shall cause a public notice of the pendency of the petition for reinstatement to be placed in a newspaper of general circulation in the State and at least one newspaper of local circulation. The determination of the site for publication of the local notice shall be left within the discretion of the Executive Secretary based upon the circumstances surrounding the applicant's surrender or disbarment. These notices shall be published at least 30 days prior to the hearing or decision by the Chair pursuant to this rule. The notice shall solicit information regarding the petition and shall be in such form as shall be designated by rule of the Board.

Any applications for initial admission, or reinstatement after disbarment, surrender, or suspension pursuant to Rule VII(D) shall be submitted to the Executive Secretary of the Board. The Execu-

tive Secretary shall review all such applications. Any application which raises questions of eligibility based upon the standards as set out in this rule shall be referred to the Chair of the Board for review. The Chair, applying the standards as set out in this rule, shall determine: whether the applicant is eligible for initial admission or reinstatement; whether to recommend the deferral of the initial admission decision; or, that the Chair is unable to determine eligibility for initial admission or reinstatement.

INITIAL ADMISSION OR REINSTATEMENT GRANTED

In the event the Chair determines that an initial applicant is eligible, the Chair shall notify the Executive Secretary, who shall then certify to the Clerk that the initial applicant is eligible for admission to the Bar of Arkansas. In the event the Chair determines that an applicant for reinstatement whose license has been suspended for failure to pay fees only is eligible, the Chair shall certify to the Clerk that the applicant is eligible for reinstatement to the Bar of Arkansas. In his or her discretion, the Chair may condition such reinstatement upon the applicant for reinstatement taking the examinations as set forth in Rule IX or its successor rule.

In the event the Chair concludes that an applicant for reinstatement after disbarment or surrender of license is eligible, without the necessity of an evidentiary proceeding, the Chair shall so notify the applicant. The applicant will then be required to file a motion with the Arkansas Supreme Court as set forth in the portion of this rule titled BOARD DECISION — EVIDENTIARY HEARING INITIAL ADMISSION OR REINSTATEMENT RECOMMENDED. In his or her discretion, the Chair may condition such reinstatement upon the applicant for reinstatement taking the examinations as set forth in Rule IX or its successor rule.

DEFERRAL OF INITIAL ADMISSION DECISION

In the event the Chair concludes that an initial applicant might otherwise be eligible for admission absent circumstances as set out hereafter, then the Chair may defer a determination of the eligibility decision and provide the applicant with the alternative of participation in a deferral of initial admission program as more fully described below. The circumstances which might warrant such a deferral are: an applicant currently has a condition or impairment resulting from alcohol and other chemical or substance abuse which

in any way currently adversely affects the applicant's ability to practice law in a competent and professional manner.

In such cases, the applicant shall be notified of the Chair's determination by certified, return receipt, restricted delivery mail. The applicant shall have thirty (30) days from receipt of notice in which to advise the Chair that he or she is agreeable to deferral of determination of eligibility for initial admission on such terms, and for such period of time, as the deferral of admission committee may set. Failure of the applicant to timely agree to deferral shall cause the initial application proceeding to be referred to the Board and processed as set forth in the next section of this rule.

The Chair of the Board shall annually appoint a Deferral of Admission Committee composed of three (3) members. The committee members shall serve terms of one year subject to reappointment by the Chair of the Board. The Chair shall not be eligible to serve on the committee. The Chair of the Board shall designate the Chair of the committee.

In the event an applicant elects the option of deferral of determination of eligibility for initial instatement, the committee shall secure such evidence as may be necessary to establish the terms and duration of any deferral of eligibility determination. Such materials may include: documentary evidence supplied by the applicant; evidence secured by the Executive Secretary; evidence acquired by an informal conference with members of the committee; or such other evidence as the committee may consider necessary to their decision. Prior to establishing the terms and duration of any deferral of admission decision, the committee may elect to reject the applicant as a candidate for the deferral of determination of eligibility program. In such case, the applicant shall then be referred to the full Board and processed as set forth in the next section of this rule.

In the event the committee accepts the applicant as a participant in the deferral of eligibility program, then the applicant will sign an agreement with the committee which sets forth the terms and duration of the deferral understanding. All expenses relating to the deferral procedure shall be borne by the applicant, and this shall be part of the agreement. Within ninety (90) days of the applicant's acquiescence to the deferral agreement, the terms and conditions of that agreement shall be referred to the Board for review. In the

event the Board, by a majority vote, concludes that the terms and conditions are insufficient, then the agreement shall be null and void and the matter shall be referred back to the committee. The committee may then, with the advice of the Board, revise the terms and conditions of the deferral agreement and the applicant will be given another opportunity to sign a revised agreement. In the event the applicant does not sign the revised agreement within thirty (30) days of notification thereof, the deferral of initial admission for that applicant shall deem to have been waived. The applicant shall then be referred to the Board for disposition in accord with the next section of this rule.

The deferral agreement may continue for a period not to exceed two (2) years.

At the conclusion of the deferral period, or anytime prior thereto, the committee shall determine whether the applicant has complied with all terms and conditions of the deferral agreement, and the committee shall so notify the Board. The Board shall then, by majority vote, make a determination as to whether the applicant has complied with the agreement. In the event of a favorable Board vote, the Executive Secretary shall then certify to the Clerk that the initial applicant is eligible for admission to the Bar of Arkansas.

In the event the Board determines that the applicant has failed to comply with the terms and requirements of the deferral agreement he or she shall be referred to the full Board for disposition in accord with the provisions of the next section of this rule.

REFERRAL TO BOARD — HEARING — PROCEDURES

In the event the Chair is unable to determine eligibility of the referred applicant, or in instances where other provisions of this rule mandate referral of the applicant to the full Board for determination of eligibility, then the applicant shall be notified of such determination. Such notice shall be sent by certified, return receipt, restricted delivery mail. The applicant shall have thirty (30) days from receipt of the notice of decision by the Chair finding inability to determine eligibility to request a hearing. Such request shall be in writing and addressed to the Chair of the Board and the hearing shall be set by the Chair of the hearing panel (to be appointed as hereinafter provided) for a day certain. Absent exigent circumstances, the hearing shall be conducted within 60 days after the Chair of the Board is

notified that the applicant requests a hearing. For good cause shown, the Chair of the hearing panel may grant extensions of time.

The applicant shall be advised that he or she has a right to a hearing on the question and the right to be represented by counsel at the expense of the applicant. Upon request of the applicant, the Chair of the Board shall appoint a subcommittee from the Board comprised of not less than three members who shall proceed to a hearing as hereinafter provided. The Chair shall not be eligible to serve thereon.

This panel shall be appointed for the sole purpose of making a full and accurate record of all facts and circumstances affecting the application. The Chair of the Board shall designate a member to serve as Chair of the hearing panel.

The Executive Secretary of the Board shall act as evidence officer for the hearing and shall be charged with the responsibility of presenting any evidence that may be pertinent to the hearing, either for or against the applicant, and shall have the further responsibility of procuring evidence of parties or witnesses as hereinafter provided. However, for good cause shown, the Chair of the Board is authorized to appoint a substitute evidence officer.

The burden of establishing eligibility shall remain with the applicant. At the initiation of the hearing, the evidence officer shall provide a background of the actions that have been taken by the parties which have resulted in the necessity of a hearing, and the evidence officer shall establish that all procedural requirements have been met as required by this rule. The applicant shall then be permitted to present evidence in support of the application without regard to technical rules of evidence but subject, however, to cross-examination. At the close of the applicant's presentation, the evidence officer shall then present any evidence which is pertinent to the issues, subject to cross-examination, and the applicant shall then be permitted to introduce any evidence which may be pertinent in rebuttal, subject to cross-examination.

A complete transcript, in writing, of all proceedings and exhibits shall be prepared and a copy thereof provided to the applicant and to each member of the Board.

All costs and expenses incident to such proceedings, including

the preparation and distribution of the transcript, shall be borne by the applicant. The applicant may be required to post a bond as set by the Executive secretary to insure payment of such costs and expenses. The hearing panel shall have authority to issue summons for any person or subpoenas for any witness, directed to any Sheriff or State Police Officer within the state, requiring the presence of any party or the attendance of any witness before it, to include production of pertinent documents or records. Such process shall be issued under the seal of the Supreme Court of the State of Arkansas and be signed by the Chair of the Board, or the Executive Secretary. The summonses or subpoenas shall be served in any manner provided by the Arkansas Rules of Civil Procedure for service of process. Likewise, the affected applicant shall be entitled to compel, by subpoena issued in the same manner, the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and the production of pertinent documents or records. The Circuit Court of Pulaski County shall have the power to enforce process. Disobedience of any summons or subpoena or refusal to testify shall be regarded as constructive contempt of the Supreme Court.

Failure of the applicant to timely request a hearing or tender the bond required by the Executive Secretary shall cause the application to be administratively terminated. After such administrative termination, the applicant must file a new application for initial admission or reinstatement, accompanied by the appropriate fees, and, in the Board's discretion, the applicant may be required to take the examinations set forth in Rule IX of these rules, or its successor rule.

BOARD DECISION — EVIDENTIARY HEARING APPEAL AFTER DENIAL

At the conclusion of the hearing, a copy of the transcript of proceedings shall be submitted without comment by the hearing panel to each member of the Board. The Board, within thirty (30) days of receipt of the transcript, after considering the entire record de novo, shall by majority vote of the full Board, determine the eligibility of the applicant. Thereafter, within ninety (90) days of said vote the Board shall cause to be filed with the Executive Secretary the findings of fact and conclusions of the Board, a copy of which shall be delivered to the applicant. Any concurrence or dissent in writing shall be made a part of the record and a copy

thereof furnished to the applicant.

Within thirty (30) days of receipt of written findings of the full Board denying eligibility, the applicant may appeal said findings to the Supreme Court of Arkansas for review de novo upon the record. Such appeal shall be prosecuted by filing a written notice of appeal with the Clerk of the Supreme Court of Arkansas with a copy thereof to the Chair of the Board. The notice of appeal shall specify the party taking the appeal; shall designate the order of the Board from which appeal is sought; and, shall designate the contents of the record on appeal. The notice shall also contain a statement that the transcript, or specific portions thereof, have been requested from the Executive Secretary. The Executive Secretary shall certify the record as being a true and correct copy of the record as designated by the parties and it shall be the responsibility of the appellant to transmit such record to the Supreme Court Clerk. The record on appeal shall be filed with the Supreme Court Clerk within ninety (90) days from filing of the first notice of appeal, unless the time is extended by order of the Arkansas State Board of Law Examiners. In no event shall the time be extended more than seven (7) months from the date of entry of the initial order of the Board. Such appeals shall be processed in accord with pertinent portions of the Rules of the Supreme Court and Court of Appeals of the State of Arkansas.

BOARD DECISION — EVIDENTIARY HEARING INITIAL ADMISSION OR REINSTATEMENT RECOMMENDED

The Board may by majority vote recommend that an applicant be certified for initial admission to the Bar of Arkansas. In such cases, the Executive Secretary shall certify to the Clerk of the Supreme Court that the applicant is eligible for initial admission to the Bar of Arkansas.

In the event the Board, or the Chair of the Board, shall recommend reinstatement of an applicant subsequent to disbarment, surrender of license, or suspension of license pursuant to Rule VII (D) where a hearing panel has been appointed, the applicant shall have the burden of filing with the Court a motion pursuant to Rule 2-1 of the Rules of the Supreme Court, or its successor rule. Such a motion must be filed within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice that the Board, or the Chair of the Board, has

recommended reinstatement. The applicant shall file a single copy of the original transcript of the hearing, if one has been conducted, or, the original copy of the authorization for recertification which has been issued by the Chair of the Board pursuant to this Rule. The motion filed in conjunction with the transcript or recommendation from the Chair of the Board shall briefly summarize the circumstances leading to the disbarment, surrender, or suspension. The matter shall then be referred to the Arkansas Supreme Court for disposition in accordance with regular motion practice pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 2-1 or its successor rule.

GENERAL

All other rules governing admission to the Bar are hereby amended to conform with the provisions of this rule.

The provisions for deferral of initial admission shall not become available until the February, 1997 Arkansas bar examination.

Any proceedings at which the testimony of witnesses is being taken under oath shall be open to the public.

Appointments to Committees

IN RE: SUPREME COURT COMMITTEE ON MODEL JURY INSTRUCTIONS — CIVIL

Supreme Court of Arkansas Opinion delivered April 22, 1996

PER CURIAM. H. David Blair, Esq., of Batesville; Phillip Carroll, Esq., of Little Rock; Robert L. Jones, Jr., Esq., of Fort Smith; and the Honorable David Bogard of Little Rock are reappointed to our Committee on Model Jury Instructions — Civil, for three-year terms to expire on April 30, 1999.

The Court thanks Mr. Blair, Mr. Carroll, Mr. Jones, and Judge Bogard for accepting reappointment to this most important Committee.

IN RE: SUPREME COURT COMMITTEE ON PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

Supreme Court of Arkansas Opinion delivered April 22, 1996

PER CURIAM. Stacey DeWitt of Little Rock is hereby appointed to the Supreme Court Alternate Committee on Professional Conduct. Ms. DeWitt replaces James W. Steinsiek of Blytheville, whose term expires March 9, 1997.

The court thanks Ms. DeWitt for accepting appointment to this most important Committee and expresses appreciation to Mr. Steinsiek for his years of service to this Committee.

IN RE: SUPREME COURT COMMITTEE ON THE UNAUTHORIZED PRACTICE OF LAW

Supreme Court of Arkansas Opinion delivered May 13, 1996

PER CURIAM. Alex G. Streett, Esq., of Russellville, Third Congressional District, is hereby reappointed to our Committee on the Unauthorized Practice of Law for a three-year term to expire on May 31, 1999. Ernest B. Matkin, Jr., of Fayetteville, is hereby reappointed to an At-Large position on the Committee for a three-year term to expire on May 31, 1999.

The Court expresses thanks to Mr. Streett and Mr. Matkin for accepting reappointment to this most important Committee.

IN RE: ARKANSAS STATE BOARD OF LAW EXAMINERS

Supreme Court of Arkansas Opinion delivered May 28, 1996

PER CURIAM. Sam L. Anderson, Jr., has petitioned for reinstatement to the Bar of Arkansas. Board member William Bridgforth has advised that he will abstain from participation in Mr. Anderson's proceeding.

The Court hereby appoints Frank Morledge of Forest City, Arkansas, to act as a substitute examiner in place of Mr. Bridgforth. This appointment is exclusively for the purpose of participating as a member of the hearing panel convened to receive evidence in Mr. Anderson's case, and to vote on Mr. Anderson's application for reinstatement.

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Ample evidence of forcible compulsion existed, no error found. Id.

Testimony of rape victim need not be corroborated, jury has duty to determine credibility. *Id*.

Circumstantial evidence may constitute substantial evidence, must exclude every other reasonable hypothesis consistent with innocence. Walker v. State, 106.

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Sufficient evidence to support accomplice conviction. Cooper v. State, 135.

Evidence of motive behind criminal offense is admissible, appellant not prejudiced by admission of testimony. *Id.*

Sufficient evidence to support finding of guilt. Id.

Appeal from trial court's ruling on motion to suppress, factors on review. Bohanan v. State, 158.

Relevant evidence defined, factors on review. Id.

Bullet properly allowed into evidence, no abuse of discretion found. Id.

Determination of relevancy left to trial court, no abuse of discretion shown here. Id.

No right to independent chemical test where appellant refused to take breathalyzer test.

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No right to be released to gather exculpatory evidence. Id.

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Challenge to sufficiency of, evidence was sufficient to show killings were premeditated and deliberated acts. *Id.*

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"Avoiding arrest" aggravating circumstance discussed, purpose of. Id.

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Evidence as to one victim left room for inference that appellant killed stranger to avoid arrest, submission of aggravating circumstance as to him alone proper. Id.

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Evidence more than sufficient to uphold convictions, trial court properly denied directed verdict motion. Id.

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Relevance defined, standard of review. Id.

Evidence concerning rat poison was properly admitted, no abuse of discretion found.

Sufficiency of, trial errors disregarded. Prowell v. State, 335.

Substantial evidence defined, factors on review. Id.

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Multiple parties, abstracted order reflected that trial court stated facts sufficient to justify entry of final, appealable order. Id.

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Summary judgment, standard of review. R.J. "Bob" Jones Excavating Contr., Inc. v. Firemen's Ins. Co., 282.

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Persons comprising venire presumed unbiased and qualified, burden on party challenging to prove actual bias, no error in trial court's rulings. Id.

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Eggshell-plaintiff rule should have been given to jury, error found. Id.

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Duty owed always question of law, judge has duty to instruct jury on law of case with clarity, leaving no grounds for mistake. Long u Lampton, 511.

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Juvenile transfer, factors to be considered. Id.

Juvenile transfer, specific findings encouraged though not required. Id.

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Juvenile transfer, use of violence, sufficient reason for circuit court's denial of transfer. Id.

Juvenile transfer, factors need not be given equal weight, ample evidence presented that offense was serious and that appellant employed violence. Id.

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Denial of transfer from circuit to juvenile court, standard of review, appellant did not meet burden of proof. Id.

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Juvenile transfer, factors to be considered. Id.

Juvenile transfer, factors need not be given equal weight, serious and violent nature of charged offenses warranted denial of transfer to juvenile court. Id.

Juvenile transfer, use of violence, sufficient reason for circuit court's denial of transfer.

Appellant's association with use of weapon was sufficient to satisfy violence criterion. Id.

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ARKANSAS APPELLATE REPORTS

Volume 53

CASES DETERMINED IN THE

Court of Appeals of Arkansas

FROM
March 20, 1996 — May 22, 1996
INCLUSIVE

WILLIAM B. JONES, JR. REPORTER OF DECISIONS

CINDY M. ENGLISH
ASSISTANT
REPORTER OF DECISIONS

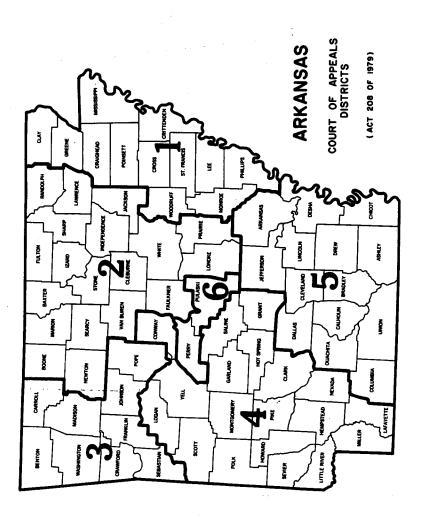
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JOHN E. JENNINGS	Judge ²
JOHN MAUZY PITTMAN	Judge ³
JAMES R. COOPER	Judge⁴
JOHN B. ROBBINS	Judge ⁵
MELVIN MAYFIELD	Judge ⁶
JUDITH ROGERS	Judge ⁷
JOHN F. STROUD, JR.	Judge ⁸
OLLY NEAL	
WENDELL L. GRIFFEN	Judge ⁹

OFFICERS

TOTAL DRIVANT	Attorney General
WINSTON BRYANT	Clerk
LESLIE W. STEEN	Librarian
JACQUELINE S. WRIGHT	Reporter of Decisions
WILLIAM B. JONES, JR.	Reporter of Decisions

¹District 3.

²District 1.

³District 2.

⁴District 4.

⁵District 5.

⁷Position 7. Appointed effective January 1, 1996, by Governor Jim Guy Tucker.

^{*}Position 8. Appointed effective January 1, 1996, by Governor Jim Guy Tucker. Position 9. Appointed effective January 1, 1996, by Governor Jim Guy Tucker.

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Rules of the Arkansas Supreme Court and Court of Appeals
OPINIONS

- (a) SUPREME COURT SIGNED OPINIONS. All signed opinions of the Supreme Court shall be designated for publication.
- (b) COURT OF APPEALS OPINION FORM. Opinions of the Court of Appeals may be in conventional form or in memorandum form. They shall be filed with the Clerk. The opinions need not contain a detailed statement of the facts, but may set forth only such matters as may be necessary to an understandable discussion of the errors urged. In appeals from decisions of the Arkansas Board of Review in unemployment compensation cases, when the Court finds the decision appealed from is supported by substantial evidence, that there is an absence of fraud, no error of law appears in the record, and an opinion would have no precedential value, the order may be affirmed without opinion.
- (c) COURT OF APPEALS PUBLISHED OPINIONS. Opinions of the Court of Appeals which resolve novel or unusual questions will be released for publication when the opinions are announced and filed with the Clerk. The Court of Appeals may consider the question of whether to publish an opinion at its decision-making conference and at that time, if appropriate, make a tentative decision not to publish. Concurring and dissenting opinions will be published only if the majority opinion is published. All opinions that are not to be published shall be marked "Not Designated For Publication."
- (d) COURT OF APPEALS UNPUBLISHED OPIN-IONS. Opinions of the Court of Appeals not designated for publication shall not be published in the *Arkansas Reports* and shall not be cited, quoted or referred to by any court or in any argument, brief, or other materials presented to any court (except in continuing or related litigation upon an issue such as res judicata, collateral estop-

pel, or law of the case). Opinions not designated for publication shall be listed in the Arkansas Reports by case number, style, date, and disposition.

(e) COPIES OF ALL OPINIONS. In every case the Clerk will furnish, without charge, one typewritten copy of all of the Court's published or unpublished opinions in the case to counsel for every party on whose behalf a separate brief was filed. The charge for additional copies is fixed by statute.

OPINIONS NOT DESIGNATED FOR PUBLICATION

- A.K. Indus. Contractors v. Manuel, CA 95-674 (Mayfield, J.), affirmed May 22, 1996.
- Alamo Courts Motel, Inc. v Murphy, (Mayfield, J.), affirmed March 20, 1996.
- Arkansas Abatement Servs., Inc. v. White Co., Inc., CA 95-550 (Neal, J.), affirmed May 1, 1996.
- Arkansas Oklahoma Gas Corp. v Holland, CA 95-503 (Mayfield, J.), affirmed May 22, 1996.
- Arkansas Trucking Servs., Inc. u Graham, CA 95-512 (Pittman, J.), affirmed May 1, 1996.
- Aycock Auto World v. Ellis, CA 95-586 (Neal, J.), affirmed April 3, 1996.
- B.W. v. State, CA 95-154 (Mayfield, J.), affirmed May 8, 1996.
- Barton u Standard Register Co., CA 95-501 (Rogers, J.), affirmed April 24, 1996.
- Baugus v. Borg-Warner Automotive, CA 95-61 (Cooper, J.), affirmed May 15, 1996.
- Baxter v Baxter, CA 95-482 (Rogers, J.), affirmed May 22, 1996. Bearfield v State, CA CR 95-659 (Stroud, J.), affirmed May 22, 1996.
- Bivins u State, CA CR 95-574 (Neal, J.), affirmed April 17, 1996. Board of Commissioners u Miller, CA 95-579 (Robbins, J.), affirmed on appeal and cross-appeal May 8, 1996.
- Bostic u Cartwright Van Lines, CA 94-1226 (Mayfield, J.), affirmed in part, and reversed and remanded in part March 27, 1996.
- Boston v Cain, CA 95-192 (Rogers, J.), affirmed May 22, 1996.
- Brewer u State, CA CR 95-607 (Jennings, C.J.), affirmed May 1, 1996.
- Browder v. Holden, CA 95-201 (Jennings, C.J.), affirmed May 8, 1996.
- Brown u State, CA CR 95-644 (Robbins, J.), affirmed May 22, 1996.
- Burlington Indus. v. Barnett, CA 95-857 (Stroud, J.), affirmed May 22, 1996.
- Burris v. McGowne, CA 95-116 (Neal, J.), affirmed March 27, 1996.
- Bush-Caldwell ν Stovall, CA 95-916 (Neal, J.), affirmed May 22, 1996.

Cardwell u State, CA CR 95-325 (Rogers, J.), affirmed April 3, 1996.

Carr v. Platt, CA 95-338 (Cooper, J.), affirmed March 27, 1996.

Christian v. State, CA CR 95-394 (Neal, J.), affirmed March 20, 1996.

City of West Helena Fire Department u Scott, CA 95-730 (Griffen, J.), affirmed May 15, 1996.

Clover v. State, CA CR 95-345 (Rogers, J.), affirmed March 27, 1996.

Compton's Oak Grove Lodge v. Brown, CA 95-425 (Mayfield, J.), affirmed in part and remanded May 15, 1996.

Cook v. State, CA 94-1396 (Neal, J.), affirmed May 8, 1996.

Cooley v. State, CA CR 95-171 (Rogers, J.), affirmed March 20, 1996.

Cornilous v. State, CA CR 95-767 (Neal, J.), affirmed, April 24, 1996.

Cummings v. Forrest City School District #7, CA 95-539 (Robbins, J.), affirmed April 24, 1996.

Darrough ν International Paper Company, CA 95-22 (Jennings, C.J.), affirmed May 15, 1996. Rehearing denied June 19, 1996.

Davis v. City of Little Rock, CA CR 95-650 (Griffen, J.), affirmed May 1, 1996.

Douglas v. Thomas, CA 95-466 (Rogers, J.), affirmed April 10, 1996.

Dunlap u Purina Mills, Inc., CA 95-13 (Pittman, J.), affirmed May 1, 1996. Rehearing denied June 5, 1996. Griffen, J., would grant.

Elder v. State, CA CR 95-430 (Pittman, J.), affirmed March 20, 1996.

Estate of Buchanan v. Estate of Starnes, CA 95-658 (Stroud, J.), reversed and remanded May 15, 1996.

Faulkner v. Faulkner, CA 95-660 (Neal, J.), affirmed May 15, 1996. Fiorito v. Bonds Lucky Foods, Inc., CA 95-525 (Jennings, C.J.), affirmed May 8, 1996.

Flanigan u State, CA CR 95-699 (Neal, J.), affirmed May 22, 1996. Franklin u Stephens Prod. Co., CA 95-611 (Stroud, J.), affirmed April 24, 1996.

Frazier v. State, CA CR 95-493 (Rogers, J.), affirmed April 17, 1996.

- Freeman v. Freeman, CA 96-382 (Per Curiam), Appellant's Motion to Supplement the Record and for Brief Time denied May 22, 1996.
- Garman v. Pinkerton, CA 95-289 (Robbins, J.), reversed and remanded April 10, 1996.
- Glover Machine Works, Inc. v. Rice, CA 95-803 (Neal, J.), affirmed May 15, 1996.
- Godwin v. State, CA CR 95-370 (Neal, J.), affirmed March 27, 1996.
- Goodman u Estate of DePriest, CA 95-227 (Griffen, J.), affirmed March 27, 1996.
- Gramling v. State, CA CR 95-130 (Griffen, J.), affirmed April 24, 1996.
- Greene v. Estate of Greene, CA 94-1099 (Griffen, J.), affirmed May 8, 1996.
- Gregory v State, CA CR 94-1358 (Jennings, C.J.), affirmed March 20, 1996.
- Griffin u Griffin, CA 95-219 (Cooper, J.), affirmed April 17, 1996. Grubbs u State, CA CR 95-446 (Jennings, C.J.), affirmed May 8, 1996.
- Hayes ν State, CA CR 95-621 (Robbins, J.), affirmed May 1, 1996.
 International Paper Co. ν Tatum, CA 95-697 (Cooper, J.), affirmed May 1, 1996.
- International Paper Co. v. Douglas, CA 95-569 (Pittman, J.), affirmed May 1, 1996.
- J.C.J. u State, CA 95-918 (Griffen, J.), affirmed May 15, 1996.
- Jackson μ PHP Healthcare Corp., CA 95-490 (Pittman, J.), affirmed April 24, 1996.
- Jackson v State, CA CR 95-431 (Jennings, C.J.), affirmed April 17, 1996.
- Jessep μ State, CA CR 95-676 (Robbins, J.), affirmed May 8, 1996. Jordan μ State, CA CR 95-220 (Mayfield, J.), affirmed May 15, 1996.
- Kemp ν State, CA CR 94-1212 (Per Curiam), Petition for Rehearing denied March 20, 1996.
- Kidd v. A.D.I. Realty Corp., CA 95-331 (Neal, J.), reversed and remanded March 20, 1996.
- Lakeview Country Club, Inc. v. Superior Products, CA 95-170 (Per Curiam), Case Certified to Supreme Court May 22, 1996.
- Lamb v. Lamb, CA 95-531 (Pittman, J.), affirmed May 8, 1996.

Larry Delk & Assocs. u Snyder, CA 95-347 (Jennings, C.J.), affirmed March 20, 1996.

Leonard v. Quality Church Furniture, CA 95-673 (Robbins, J.), affirmed May 8, 1996.

Lester v. State, CA CR 94-1312 (Jennings, C.J.), affirmed March 20, 1996.

Liberty Mut. Ins. Co. v Sexton Foods Co., CA 95-291 (Griffen, J.), affirmed in part and modified in part March 20, 1996.

Littlefield v. Estate of Littlefield, CA 95-486 (Neal, J.), affirmed April 24, 1996.

M. K. v. State, CA 95-561 (Pittman, J.), affirmed May 8, 1996.

Martin v Whitmire, CA 95-214 (Jennings, C.J.), affirmed March 20, 1996.

Matthews v. State, CA CR 94-1007 (Mayfield, J.), affirmed April 17, 1996.

McCaslin v State, CA CR 95-489 (Cooper, J.), affirmed April 3, 1996.

McClanahan Lumber Co. v. Adamson, CA 95-646 (Griffen, J.), affirmed May 15, 1996.

McClung v. McClung, CA 95-88 (Stroud, J.), appeal dismissed March 20, 1996.

McGill v Smith, CA 94-1453 (Mayfield, J.), affirmed April 17, 1996.

McKinney v. State, CA CR 95-577 (Neal, J.), affirmed April 3, 1996.

Meadows v. Meadows, CA 95-369 (Rogers, J.), affirmed May 8, 1996.

Mease v. Tri-City Concrete, Inc., CA 95-704 (Stroud, J.), affirmed May 8, 1996.

Miller v. State, CA CR 95-403 (Griffen, J.), affirmed March 27, 1996.

Miller v. State, CA CR 95-609 (Mayfield, J.), affirmed May 15, 1996.

Moore v. State, CA CR 95-348 (Stroud, J.), reversed and dismissed March 27, 1996. Rehearing denied May 1, 1996.

Murray v. State, CA CR 95-636 (Rogers, J.), affirmed April 17, 1996.

Nelson v State, CA CR 95-543 (Stroud, J.), affirmed April 24, 1996.

Palmer v. Palmer, CA 94-1180 (Stroud, J.), affirmed April 10, 1996.

- Pierce v Pierce, CA 95-383 (Jennings, C.J.), affirmed April 24, 1996.
- Pocahontas Schools u Prewitt, CA 95-476 (Cooper, J.), affirmed May 22, 1996.
- Pomeroy v. Mountain View Lodge, Inc., CA 95-77 (Rogers, J.), affirmed March 20, 1996.
- Potlatch Corp. v. Hollingsworth, CA 95-661 (Neal, J.), affirmed April 24, 1996.
- Preston v Director, E 94-203 (Pittman, J.), affirmed March 27, 1996.
- Rasmussen Group ν Guthrie, CA 95-405 (Neal, J.), affirmed April 10, 1996.
- Reeves u State, CA CR 95-177 (Pittman, J.), affirmed May 8, 1996.
- Ricks u State, CA CR 95-353 (Stroud, J.), affirmed April, 1, 1996. Robbins u Swift-Eckrich, Inc., CA 95-725 (Stroud, J.), affirmed May 15, 1996.
- Rogers u Federal Savings Bank, CA 95-467 (Stroud, J.), affirmed May 15, 1996. Rehearing denied June 19, 1996.
- Russell u John Sanders Logging, CA 95-616 (Jennings, C.J.), affirmed May 22, 1996.
- Savage u State, CA CR 95-544 (Stroud, J.), reversed and dismissed March 27, 1996.
- Schmeckenbecher ν Schmeckenbecher, CA 95-31 (Cooper, J.), affirmed May 8, 1996.
- Schock v. Heritage Publishing Co., CA 95-726 (Robbins, J.), affirmed May 15, 1996.
- Schwarz v. State, CA CR 93-1227 (Pittman, J.), reversed and remanded April 17, 1996.
- Selected Fin. Properties, Inc. v. Taylor, CA 95-593 (Griffen, J.), affirmed April 24, 1996.
- Self v IBS Financial Service, CA 95-499 (Stroud, J.), affirmed March 27, 1996.
- Sellars u Fruit of the Loom, Inc., CA 94-1211 (Stroud, J.), reversed and remanded March 27, 1996. Rehearing denied June 19, 1996. Pittman and Cooper, JJ., dissent.
- Service Chevrolet v. Rutherford, CA 95-429 (Jennings, C. J.), affirmed April 3, 1996.
- Sharp v Watson, CA 95-223 (Robbins, J.), affirmed March 20, 1996.

- Shores v. Wayne & Associates, CA 95-804 (Robbins, J.) affirmed May 22, 1996.
- Smith v Aetna Casualty & Surety Co., CA 94-1359 (Per Curiam), Appellant's Motion for Reconsideration of Order Dismissing Appeal granted April 17, 1996.
- Smith u State, CA CR 94-63 (Per Curiam), Order to File Brief May 22, 1996.
- Southwestern Energy Co. v. Arkansas Power and Light Co., CA 95-261 (Stroud, J.), appeal dismissed April 3, 1996.
- Stegall v. Land O'Frost, Inc., CA 95-688 (Rogers, J.), affirmed May 22, 1996.
- Stone u State, CA CR 95-759 (Neal, J.), affirmed May 15, 1996. T & T Development, Inc. u Cooper Communities, Inc., CA 94-415 (Stroud, J.), affirmed May 1, 1996.
- Taco Tico ν Cottingham, CA 95-715 (Rogers, J.), affirmed May 8, 1996.
- Talbert v. Millner, CA 94-877 (Mayfield, J.), affirmed April 17, 1996.
- Thompson u State, CA CR 96-38 (Per Curiam), Appellant's Pro Se Motions to File Pro Se Brief, for Appointment of Counsel, and to Expedite Motions for Transcript denied March 20, 1996.
- Vickstrom v. State, CA CR 95-758 (Mayfield, J.), affirmed May 22, 1996.
- Walker v. State, CA CR 95-273 (Mayfield, J.), affirmed May 15, 1996. Rehearing denied June 19, 1996.
- Walker v. Walker, CA 95-43 (Jennings, C.J.), affirmed in part; reversed in part March 20, 1996.
- Ward v. Wal-Mart Stores, Inc., CA 95-149 (Griffen, J.), affirmed May 8, 1996.
- Wheeler u Southern Brick and Tile Co., CA 95-635 (Neal, J.), affirmed May 15, 1996.
- White u State, CA CR 95-117 (Robbins, J.), affirmed March 20, 1996.
- Wicker v. State, CA CR 95-253 (Mayfield, J.), affirmed April 24, 1996.
- Wilhelmina Medical Ctr. v. Blake, CA 95-584 (Rogers, J.), affirmed April 24, 1996.
- Wilkerson v. State, CA CR 95-89 (Per Curiam), Substitution of New Counsel for Appellant issued March 27, 1996. Rehear-

ing denied June 26, 1996.

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Apakama μ Director of Labor, E 95-001, May 15, 1996.
Balentine μ Director of Labor, E 95-140, March 20, 1996.
Barnes μ Director of Labor, E 95-188, May 15, 1996.
Boyland μ Director of Labor, E 95-27, May 1, 1996.
Brewer μ Director of Labor, E 95-168, March 20, 1996.
Brown μ Director of Labor, E 95-133, March 20, 1996.
Calvin μ Director of Labor, E 95-025, March 27, 1996.
Chunn μ Director of Labor, E 95-178, March 27, 1996.
Conway Animal Clinic μ Director of Labor, E 95-136, March 20, 1996.

Cooper v. Director of Labor, E 95-023, April 17, 1996. Cox v. Director of Labor, E 95-165, March 20, 1996. Davis v. Director of Labor, E 95-152, March 20, 1996. Dyer v. Director of Labor, E 95-29, May 1, 1996. Garcia v. Director of Labor, E 95-039, May 15, 1996. Harris v. Director of Labor, E 95-146, March 20, 1996. Harris u Director of Labor, E 95-037, April 17, 1996. Hinely v. Director of Labor, E 95-153, March 20, 1996. Hollis v. Director of Labor, E 95-022, April 17, 1996. Horton v. Director of Labor, E 94-044, May 15, 1996. James v. Director of Labor, E 95-127, March 20, 1996. Johnson v. Director of Labor, E 95-139, March 20, 1996. Jones v. Director of Labor, E 95-142, March 20, 1996. Kirby v. Director of Labor, E 95-159, May 8, 1996. Leach v. Director of Labor, E 95-167, March 20, 1996. Leichliter v. Director of Labor, E 95-175, March 27, 1996. Mahaffey v. Director of Labor, E 95-138, March 20, 1996. Mathis v. Director of Labor, E 95-174, March 27, 1996. McKamie v. Director of Labor, E 95-184, May 8, 1996. McNeely u Director of Labor, E 95-016, March 27, 1996. Miller v. Director of Labor, E 95-42, May 1, 1996. Noetzol v. Director of Labor, E 95-185, May 15, 1996 O'Guinn v. Director of Labor, E 95-182, April 17, 1996. Page v. Director of Labor, E 95-021, May 15, 1996.

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Randolph u Director of Labor, E 95-164, March 20, 1996.

Ross u Director of Labor, E 95-128, March 20, 1996.

Ross u Director of Labor, E 95-100, May 8, 1996.

Runyon u Director of Labor, E 95-183, May 8, 1996

Rynders u Director of Labor, E 95-41, May 1, 1996

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South u Director of Labor, E 95-34, May 1, 1996.

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Sunchase u Director of Labor, E 95-106, May 8, 1996.

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Issues not raised at trial will not be considered on appeal. Benton v. Barnett, 146.

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Accomplice liability, factors for determining. Id.

Hearsay, witness's testimony that accomplice told him that appellant shot victim was inadmissible hearsay, case reversed and remanded. Lanes v State, 266.

Proffer of, trial court has limited discretion in refusing to permit counsel to proffer evidence. W.W.C. Bingo v. Zwierzynski, 288.

Proffer of, refusal to allow proffer discussed. Id.

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Agreed upon terms of contract must not be contrary to statute or public policy, acceptance by insured deemed approval of policy conditions. Columbia Mut. Ins. Co.

Rebuilding clause not against public policy, appellant's reliance on clause unreasonable in this instance. Id.

Professional liability insurance, insured's duty to defend. Madden v. Continental Cas. Co.,

Professional liability policy in effect when complaint which raised questions of fact as to liabilty was filed, trial court erred in holding appellee had no duty to defend appellants. Id.

Insured entitled to defense if possibility of insurer liability exists, whether insurer has duty to pay depends on facts established at trial. Id.

Group policy, contract between employer and insurer not employee and insurer. Luningham v. Arkansas Poultry Fed'n Ins. Trust, 280.

Group policy existed, appellee not required to obtain appellant's agreement before making modifications. Id.

Recusal, all judges on appellate court recused for rehearing, original opinion set aside. Parham v. Church Mut. Ins. Co., 194.

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Summary judgment, when granted, standard of review. Colonia Underwriters Ins. Co. v. Worthen Nat'l Bank, 106.

Appellant's motion for summary judgment should have been granted. Id.

Collateral estoppel and res judicata apply to criminal proceedings, issues and claims brought in one county were independent of those decided in other county. Fletcher v. State, 135.

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Summary judgment discussed, factors on review. Kimble v. Pulaski County Special Sch.

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Summary judgment, when granted. Madden v. Continental Cas. Co., 250.

Questions of fact remained as to appellee's duty to pay, appellant's request for remand for entry of summary judgment in its favor not granted. Id.

Summary judgment, when properly granted. Luningham v. Arkansas Poultry Fed'n Ins. Trust, 280.

Summary judgment, factors on review. Id.

Appellee failed to make prima facie showing of entitlement to judgment, summary judgment reversed and remanded. Id.

JURISDICTION:

Ark. Code Ann. § 16-4-101(C)(1), purpose of language "transacting business" as found in code section. Glenn v. Student Loan Guar. Found., 132.

Minimum contacts for personal jurisdiction, requirement for satisfaction of due process.

When single contract will provide basis for exercise of jurisdiction. Id.

Long-arm jurisdiction over nonresident, use of interstate mail and banking facilities, without more, insufficient to satisfy due process. Id.

Jurisdiction premised solely on use of interstate mail and banking facilities, trial court lacked personal jurisdiction. *Id*.

Cause of action arising out of acts done in Arkansas concerning domestic relations may be brought in Arkansas even though defendant has left state. Jessie v. Jessie, 188. Exercise of, factors to be considered in determining reasonableness. Id.

Due process, "minimum contacts" test. Id.

Appellant had substantial and regular contacts with state, chancery court's exercise of jurisdiction did not violate due process. Id.

JURY:

Instructions, when defendant is entitled to particular instruction. Allen ν State, 225. Instructions, error to refuse instruction on lesser-included offense. Id. Instructions, objections must be timely, appellant made timely objection. Id.

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Presumption of validity, insufficient proof to overturn, chancellor's ruling upheld. Id.

MASTER AND SERVANT:

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Employment-at-will doctrine, modified pursuant to reliance on personnel manual or employment agreement. Id.

Exception to employment-at-will doctrine, discharge that violates public policy excepted. Id.

Employment-at-will doctrine still alive, cause of action for retaliatory discharge eliminated. *Id.*

Public School Fair Hearing Act did not modify employment-at-will doctrine, no error in entry of summary judgment for appellee. *Id.*

MOTIONS:

Motion in limine properly denied, no abuse of discretion found. Morris v. State, 183.

Directed verdict, specificity requirement, rationale. Wallace v. State, 199.

Directed verdict, appellant did not make specific argument to trial court that he made on appeal, argument not preserved. Id.

Directed verdict, challenge to sufficiency of evidence. Hinzman u State, 256. Motion to suppress, standard of review. Lanes u State, 266.

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Custody and visitation, primary consideration is welfare and best interest of child. Johns u. Johns, 90.

Custody and visitation, noncustodial parent ordered to see that his children attend Sunday School and church, chancellor's decision affirmed, no indication routine was detrimental to children. *Id.*

Custody and visitation, chancellor had no reason to order appellee to do what she had already undertaken to do. Id.

Custody and visitation, inconvenience does not justify setting aside order consistent with best interest of children. Id.

Custody and visitation, chancellor acted within discretion. Id.

Termination of guardianship, no record that appellant filed copy of birth certificate with court, probate court did not err in dismissing appellant as party. Hooks v. Pratte, 161.

Termination of guardianship, guardianship may be terminated if no longer necessary or for best interest of ward. Id.

Termination of guardianship, review of probate proceedings, decision to terminate guardianship not clearly erroneous. *Id*.

PLEADINGS:

Appellant failed to conform to minimal pleading requirements, Commission's dismissal of complaint affirmed. Bryant v. Arkansas Pub. Serv. Comm'n, 114.

PROPERTY:

Determination whether property constitutes chattel or fixtures, considerations. Garmon v. Mitchell. 10.

Party making annexation clearly intended storage facility to be treated as chattel, chancellor did not err in holding that storage facility was not fixture. Id.

Value of grain bins disputed by appellant, no error found. Id.

Appellants entitled to judgment against bank for attorney's fees incurred in defense of title, chancellor erred. Id.

Appellants were innocent purchasers for value, no error found. Id.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION:

Public Service Commission pleadings must state cause of action, rules of civil procedure require fact pleading or dismissal can be granted. Bryant v. Arkansas Pub. Serv. Comm'n, 114.

Construction of Ark. Code Ann. § 23-3-119, complainant must have been unlawfully treated by public utility to bring complaint under this statute, no such allegations made by appellant. *Id*.

Amended complaint did not cure deficiencies in first complaint, generalities and conclusions of law are not sufficient to state cause of action. Id.

SEARCH & SEIZURE:

Seizure of person within meaning of fourth amendment, officer's subjective intention not dispositive of whether there has been seizure. Phillips v. State, 36.

Plain-view doctrine discussed. Id.

Evidence in plain view, appellant's motion to suppress properly denied. Id.

Warrantless search of van was constitutional, officer, incident to lawful arrest of vehicle occupants, may also search passenger compartment and any containers found within it. *Id*.

Probable cause premised upon evidence obtained prior to officers' entry, appellants failed to demonstrate resulting harm. Williams v. State, 63.

Officers acted lawfully with regard to all remaining aspects of search. Id.

Information constituted probable cause, warrant properly issued and executed. Id. Failure to suppress evidence not clearly against preponderance of evidence. Id.

Vehicle stops, when Fourth Amendment seizure occurs. Mullinax v. State, 176.

Vehicle stops, permissibility judged by balancing effect of intrusion against promotion of legitimate government interest, sobriety checkpoints do not violate Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments. *Id.*

Vehicle stops, checkpoint balancing analysis. Id.

Vehicle stops, checkpoint balancing analysis, factors considered. Id.

Vehicle stops, checkpoint balancing analysis, relevant matters for consideration, roadblock did not constitute unreasonable seizure. *Id*.

Vehicle stops, purpose of roadblock, not established as subterfuge for detection of other criminal activity. Id.

Vehicle stops, motorists stopped briefly, level of intrusion was slight. Id.

Vehicle stops, percentage of arrests showed checkpoint's effectiveness. Id.

Vehicle stops, trial court did not err in denying motion to suppress. Id.

STATUTES:

Allegation that statute change decriminalized appellant's conduct not supported by law, motion to dismiss properly denied. *Hudson v. State*, 111.

Interpretation of, clear statutory language should be followed, not interpreted. Kimble v. Pulaski County Special Sch. Dist., 234.

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UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION:

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Appellant discharged prior to act's effective date, act inapplicable. Id.

Claim not barred by language of joint petition, trial court reversed and remanded. Id. Denial of compensation by Commission, findings of fact required to justify denial. Shelton v. Freeland Pulpwood, 16.

When finding of fact is sufficient to permit meaningful review. Id.

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Shippers' Transport defense, evidence did not prove that appellee knowingly and willingly made false representation about her physical condition. Id.

Non compensable injury, what constitutes. Ramirez v. Hudson Foods, Inc., 49.

Factors on review. Id.

Appellant's actions did not warrant denial of benefits, Commission's decision not supported by substantial evidence. *Id.*

Shippers' Transport rule, three-part test. James River Corp. v. Walters, 59.

Challenge to sufficiency of evidence, standard of review. Id.

Credibility of witnesses and weight of testimony, exclusively within Commission's province. Id.

There was substantial evidence that appellant failed to prove that it was entitled to rely on Shippers' Transport defense. Id.

Commission must make findings sufficient to justify denial of compensation, sufficient findings of fact discussed. Lowe v. Car Care Mktg., 100.

Composition of sufficient finding of fact, conclusory language is not sufficient. *Id.*Opinion consisted almost entirely of narration of testimony, case remanded for specific

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Requirements for Second Injury Fund liability. Second Injury Fund v. James River Corp.,

Factors on review of Commission's decision, substantial evidence discussed. *Id.* "Latent" as used in Ark. Code Ann. § 11-9-525(a)(3), when injury is latent. *Id.* Pulmonary disease not discovered until after appellee's injury, condition did not qualify

as prior disability. *Id.*Vascular problems not diagnosed or treated prior to injury, condition was latent. *Id.*

Second Injury Fund not liable for injuries sustained during employment by one employer, conditions did not support Second Injury Fund Liability. *Id.*Impairment must be substantial in nature to qualify claimant as handicapped under the

statute. Id.

When Commission's decision will be reversed, substantial nature of employee's physical

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Current disability arose from combination of latent conditions, prior injuries, and current injury, Second Injury Fund not libel for any compensation to which employee entitled. Id.

Challenge to sufficiency of evidence, factors on review. W.W.C. Bingo v. Zwierzynski,

Records supported Commission's findings, Commission's award of benefits affirmed. Id. Commission has broad discretion in admission of evidence, no abuse of discretion found. Id.

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Administrative law judge should have allowed proffer of evidence, refusal to allow proffer harmless error. *Id.*

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