\*BISCOE ET AL.

[\*508

## v.

## ROYSTON ET AL.

After the execution of a deed of trust the grantor has no such interest in the trust property as is the subject of sale under execution at law. (Petit et al. v. Johnson et al., 15 Ark. 55; Cornish v. Smith et al. adr., 17 Id.)

The purchaser of debts secured by a deed of trust, upon taking an assignment thereof, becomes subrogated to the rights of the cestui que trust under the provisions of the deed of trust. (Hannah, ad. v. Currington, ad., 17 Ark.)

S. executed a deed of t. ast to R. upon all his property, consisting of a plantation, negroes, stock, etc., to secure certain debts, the deed provided that the grantor should remain in possession, appropriating the crops, after paying expenses, to the payment of the trust debts; and if they were not paid in five years the trustee might sell; eight years after the execution of the deed, other judgment creditors of S., whose debts were due when the trust deed was made, file their bill to enforce a foreclosure; and a sale of the trust property; it appeared that the trust debts had not been wholly paid, but that the trust property was more than sufficient to pay the balance: Decreed, that the property be sold, and after payment of the balance of the trust debts, the proceeds be applied to the payment of the complainants' judgments.

Appeal from the Circuit Court of Hempstead County in Chancery.

## $H^{\mathrm{on.~SHELTon~Watson,~Cir}}_{\mathrm{cuit~Judge.}}$

Pike & Cummins, for the appellants.

Curran & Gallagher, for the appel-

\*ENGLISH, C. J. This was a bill [\*509 to compel the foreclosure of a deed of trust, etc., filed by Henry L. Biscoe and others, trustees of the Real Estate Bank, under the deed of assignment, against Grandison D. Royston and Robert H. Scott and wife, Sarah, in the Hempstead circuit court, etc.

The bill was filed 30th December, 1851.

It sets out and exhibits a deed of trust executed by Scott and wife to Royston as trustee, bearing date 15th of May, 1843, containing, substantially, the following provisions:

In order to secure the payment of a

ish & Co., for \$1,557, with ten per cent. in good faith, Royston was empowered interest; and a band to W. & J. Gas- to take possession of the trust property quett & Co., for \$6,256.43, same in- and make sale thereof for the payment 510\*] \*terest; both bonds bearing even of the debts, though the five years aldate with the deed of trust; and due lowed by the deed for making payment one day after date; Scott and wife con- might not have expired. He was also veyed to Royston'as trustee, certain empowered to sell at any time, on retracts of land situated in Sevier coun-quest of Scott, if an advantageous sale ty, containing together 913 acres and could be made, etc., for the purpose of 52-100 of an acre; twenty-one slaves, the trust, etc. If the debts were paid seven mules, one horse, sixty head of by Scott without sale, Royston was to cattle, one hundred and fifty hogs, and reconvey the property to him, etc. all the ploughs, wagons, carts, axes, trusts:

of either of the creditors secured by the the debt, interest, etc. deed, was empowered to make public purchasers, etc.

the plantation until the expiration of debt, and \$319.00 damages, etc. the five years allowed him for the payfurnish supplies for, and pay the ex- exhibited. penses of the place; and Royston was

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bond made by Scott to Gasquett, Par- lands, or turn over the crops as agreed

The bill alleges that one Thomhoes, and all other tools and imple- as B. Haynie, the de\*fend- [\*511 ments of husbandry and planting upon ant Robert H. Scott, and one Leonthe plantation of Scott, made up of the ard D. Scott, were jointly and sevlands aforesaid, upon the following erally indebted to the Real Estate Bank, by writing obligatory in the If the trust debts, or either of them, sum of \$1,190, bearing interest at ten or any part thereof, should remain un- per cent. from the 15th April, 1841, paid at the expiration of five years upon which the trustees of the bank from the date of the deed, Royston, at obtained judgment in the Hempstead his own discretion, or upon the request circuit court, on the 29th May, 1846, for

Said Thomas B. Havnie, Robert H. sale of the trust property, or such part Scott, and one Joseph H. Shaw, were thereof as might be required for the also indebted to the bank by note due payment of the deuts, expenses of the 17th March, 1841, upon which the trust, etc., and convey the same to the trustees obtained judgment, in the Hempstead circuit court, against Hay-Scott was to remain in possession of nie and Scott (Shaw having died) on the lands, slaves, etc., and cultivate on the 6th March, 1849, for \$426.87

Upon the first judgment \$69, and ment of the debts, and after the year upon the second \$1, had been made by 1843, to deliver up and turn over to execution of the property of Haynie. Royston the annual crops of cotton, Repeated executions had been issued corn and all other products arising upon both judgments and returned no from the cultivation of the plantation, property found, and they remained after deducting and retaining such unpaid, etc. Transcripts of the judgpart thereof as might be necessary to ments, executions and returns, are

That, on the 14th October, 1841, to sell the crops so turned over to him, Beamis & Littlefield, surviving partand apply the proceeds, less costs and ners of the firm of T.W. Beamis & Co., charges of sales, to the payment of the obtained a judgment in the Hempstead circuit court against defendant If Scott failed at any time to employ Robert H. Scott, as principal, and the slaves, etc., in the cultivation of Isaac C. Perkins as his security in a forfeited delivery bond for \$176.12 debt, favor of Beamis & Co. and Sappington,

pington recovered a judgment in the him. same court against Scott as principal, Abel B. Clements as security, etc., for \$701.80 debt, etc.

In September, 1846, a fi. fa. was issued upon each of the last named stood between Royston and Scott, held judgments to the sheriff of Sevier by way of mortgage, and charged with equity of redemption of Scott in all of claims put in his hands as an attorney, sheriff's deed therefor, etc.

to remain in the possession, control erty. ing with all of said property as though in said property, and should have the 512\*] \*lowed by it for the payment of surplus of proceeds, after paying the the debts had long since elapsed. That debts, should go to scott. large sums of money had been annually received by him from the proceeds of self to be the owner of the property, crops made by Scott, amounting to had lately advertised it for sale; but more than enough to pay the trust taunted complainants by informing debts, but complainants did not know them that they could not reach his how he had applied it. That he had property; and that unless they permitted Scott to retain and use would take in full payment of their large amounts beyond the reservations \*debts some worthless lands f\*513 provided for in the deed.

That the trust property was worth be a bad case. largely more than the amount of the balance due upon them.

his purchase, under the executions in plainants. That Scott refused to pay

yet he had been paying off their claims On the 9th of April, 1842, John Sap- out of proceeds of the trust received by

That, notwithstanding said sale under executions and purchase by Royston, the property in fact remained as before, being still, as was well undercounty, under which the supposed said debts to enable Royston to collect the trust property was levied upon, in preference to other creditors; and at sold, and purchased by Royston for a the same time to allow Scott to retain nominal sum, who obtained the possession of the property; and after paying off the favored debts and de-That ever since the execution of the frauding all his other creditors to sedeed of trust, Scott had been permitted cure to himself the whole of the prop-And complainants expressly and enjoyment of the trust property; aver that it was distinctly understood cultivating the lands with the slaves, between Royston and Scott that the etc., making crops and using and deal- latter still had the right of redemption it were his own. That Royston had same reconveyed to him, when the made no sale under the provisions of debts held by Royston were paid; or if the deed, though the five years al- it could be sold in the meantime. the

> That Scott, well understanding himthat once belonged to Haynie, it would

That Scott had produced annually, debts secured by the deed, and if the since the year 1843, upon the trust debts had not been paid, a sale should plantation, at least 100 bales of cotton have been made by Royston, long be- and 2,000 bushels of corn; and had, or fore the filing of the bill, to pay any should have paid over to Royston every year, an average sum of \$3,000. That, Complainants submit that after the in fact, the trust debts had been paid execution of the trust deed, no interest off, and the deed of trust, and sheriff's in the trust property remained in Scott, deed were held by Royston for the purwhich was the subject of execution at pose of shielding the property against law: that Royston acquired no title by other creditors, and especially com-

any part of complainants' judgment, the trust deed; and holding the deed item by item. as a shield between the complainants in the trust deed, etc. Complainants year, and item by item. insist that by placing executions in the the trust deed, etc.

dents, and Royston was the attorney cotton sold," of all of them.

embraced his entire property in the the trust property, etc. deed for the purpose of securing prein its inception.

which were as follows:

been sent to market.

"16. What amounts have been anand relied for protection on the trust nually, and each particular year since and sheriff's deeds as rendering him 1843, received and deducted out of said law-proof. That Royston had known crops by the said Robert H. Scott, and of the existence of complainants' judg- to what particular purposes have the ments since they were rendered; yet same been applied? Set forth the he had neglected to make sale under whole particularly, year by year, and

"17. What quantity or amount of and Scott, continued to receive from cotton, corn and other products has the latter such portion of the proceeds been annually turned over and delivof the crops as he chose to pay him, ered to said Royston, since 1843, and appropriating them as he pleased, and what amount of money in each year? paying therewith claims not embraced State the whole particularly, year by

"18. How much money has been hands of the sheriff, etc., they had ac- obtained in each year, or realized by quired a prior lien upon the property, said Royston from the produce so turnand a right to have their claims satis- ed over to him? Where did he sell it fied out of it in preference to all other in each year, and to whom, and where creditors except those provided for in were the proceeds in hand? State the same particularly, year by year, item That the trust creditors and Beamis by item, and shipment by shipment, & Co. and Sappington were non-resi- and exhibit the account of sales of all

Other questions related to the appro-That, as far as complainants knew, priation of moneys received by Roy-Scott had no property but what was ston, the amount paid, and the amount covered by the deed of trust. That he due upon the trust debts, the value of

The complainants ask that the bill ferred creditors, some of whom were may be considered as filed on behalf, named therein, and others not, and to not only of themselves, but for the secure himself the surplus after paying benefit of any others of Scott's creditsuch debts: and so complainants aver ors, who might stand in such attitude that the deed was fraudulent and void as to entitle them to come in thereunder; and pray that by decree, Royston, The complainants propounded to the as trustee in the trust deed, or a comdefendants thirty-six special interroga- missioner in his stead, might be comtories: the 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th of pelled to sell the trust property, and out of the proceeds of sale pay first "15. What amounts of corn, cotton any balance that might be due on the 514\*] and other products \*have been trust debts of complainants, and of any raised and made on said plantation in other creditor entitled to share with each year since the year 1843? State them. That Royston might be comparticularly and exactly the amounts pelled to refund, and apply to the payof each gathered in each year, and the ment of the trust debts ail moneys revalue of each at the proper maket, at ceived by him from the proceeds of the the time when it was, or could have trust property, and applied by him to the payment of debts not secured by

bill.

Scott and wife answer substantially as follows:

Scott on debts upon which he had become the security of his son, etc. Executions were issued against him, his hibited with the bill.

curity in the debts.

ber, 1846, Royston purchased under property as supposed by the bill. these executions, all the title and intrust property.

to the direction of Royston.

that he did it at the request, and as the withstanding which, Royston, on the

the deed, before resorting to the pro- agent of Royston, and not upon the ceeds of the sale of the property, under understanding that it belonged to the decree, etc.; and for general relief. Scott as alleged in the bill. He had \*Scott and wife filed a joint, not offered to use or sell any of the and Royston a separate, answer to the property, or the products thereof, without the consent and approbation of Royston; after it was purchased by him under the executions, Scott had not Gasquett, Parish & Co., and W. &. J. considered that he had any interest in, Gasquett & Co., recovered judgments or control over, the property, other in the Hempstead circuit court against than what he derived from the permission, and by the sufferance of Roy-

\*Respondents deny that all the [\*516 property was levied upon, and he was property owned by Scott was included about to be sold out at a sacrifice, and in the trust deed, as alleged in the bill; utterly ruined. In order to obtain on the contrary, they state that at the time upon the debts, and to secure time the deed was executed, Scott was their ultimate payment, he made the the owner of 800 acres of land situated bonds recited in the deed, and he and in Hempstead county, which was not his wife executed and delivered to embraced in the deed; and which, long Royston, the attorney of the plaintiffs after the deed was made, was sold unin the executions, the deed of trust ex- der an execution in favor of the State Bank, and purchased by Royston. That They admit that the complainants afterwards, in January, 1851, Royston, recovered the judgments against re- of his own accord, and as a voluntary spondent Scott and others, and issued kindness to Scott, sold the land, approexecutions thereon, etc., etc., as alleged printed the proceeds to the payment of in the bill; but aver that Haynie was two judgments in favor of Beamis & the principal, and Scott merely a se- Co. and Sappington, against Scott, which, by agreement with Royston Admit, also, that Beamis & Co. and they received in full satisfaction there-Sappington obtained judgments, and of. That it was in this manner that issued executions thereon against Scott Royston paid off these judgments, and as alleged; and that, on the 10th Octo- not out of the proceeds of the trust

That, about the 1st of May, 1849, terest of Scott in the whole of the Royston, without the knowledge of respondents, purchased of Gasquett, Admit that Scott had been permitted Parish & Co. and W. & J. Gasquett & to remain in possession, and control Co., the debts secured by the deed of and manage the trust property ever trust, and took an assignment thereof. since the execution of the trust deed; And respondents submit that he, havbut deny that he used and controlled ing purchased the interest of Scott in it as his own; on the contrary, they the trust property under the execuaver that he held it under and subject tions, and afterwards paid off and took an assignment of the trust debts, there-Admit that Scott had recently adver- by became the absolute owner of the tised the property for sale, but state property, as they are advised. Nothim all his right, title and interest in above. and to the trust property; provided \$249.34, etc., etc.

tauntingly as alleged, etc.

which was always sent to market as very economical, and the amounts so soon as it could be got ready. The supplied were inconsiderable. crops raised in the years 1843 and 1844 tation. The crop of 1845, after defray- execution of the trust deed. The re-

3d of May, 1851, voluntarily, and with- ing expenses, paid \$1,000 on the trust out obligation or previous agreement debts, which was applied 9th of Augso to do, executed and delivered to ust, 1846. The crop of 1846 paid Scott an instrument of writing, by \$2,075.85, July 24th, 1847. The crop of which, stating the balance due upon 1847 paid \$1,829.28, June 23d, 1848. The the trust debts to be \$5,810.31, he crop of 1848 paid \$996.29, June 8th, agreed that if Scott should well and 1849. The crop of 1849 paid \$856.91, truly pay said sum with interest, from June 6th, 1850. Out of the crop of 1850 that date at the rate of eight per cent. a payment of \$984.14 was made 3d May, per annum, without litigation, hin- 1851. No payments had been made on drance or delay, he would relinquish to on the trust debts other than the

Walker and Cheatham held a debt Scott would also pay two notes which against Scott, in payment of which were in the hands of Royston for col- they offered to take cotton at 12½ cents lection, in favor of Smith, Hubbard & per pound, when it was not selling for Co., one for \$330.27, and the other for more than ten cents; and the offer being liberal, Scott, with the assent of Respondents further state that Scott Royston, let them have about seven had procured from Haynie a convey- bales—this was in 1849 or 1850. With ance for some lands, which the com- the like consent of Royston, Scott also plainants had once proposed to take sold 20 bales of the crop of 1850, to one from Haynie in full payment of the Black in payment of a debt incurred debts upon which Scott was his securi- for supplies for the plantation, clothty but had afterwards declined, ing for the negroes, overseer's wages, 517\*] \*That the lands were not worth- etc. That with the exceptions aforeless, as alleged in the bill, but really of said the proceeds of the sales of all the more value than the debts; and that cotton produced on the plantation Scott had offered them to complain- since the execution of the trust deed, ant in payment thereof, representing had been applied to the payment of the his inability to pay otherwise, but not trust debts; except what had been appropriated for expenses of the place. That ever since the execution of the and the payment of a few small debts deed of trust, Scott had worked and incurred by Scott for the support of his used the trust property for the purpose family, and the education of his chilof liquidating the trust debts: and for dren. As all his productive propsupplying and keeping up the planta- erty was included in said deed; and tion. He had made corn only for con- \*as his only means for making [\*518 sumption, and none to sell; and some- anything was by raising cotton, it was times he had to purchase corn to sup- absolutely necessary for him to use a ply the place, with the proceeds of the portion of the proceeds of the crop for cotton. The only produce raised on the support of his family, and the eduthe plantation for sale had been cotton; cation of his children; but he had been

None of the trust property had been were light, and amounted to very little sold; none of the slaves had died, but more, if any, than was required to de- nine children had been born, and the fray the necessary expenses of the plan- cattle had also increased, etc., since the erty at the aggregate sum of \$18,975.

They positively deny that the deed was executed, or was, or had been held on the 3d May, 1851, there was really by Royston, for the purpose of hinder- due upon the trust debts, \$6,441.03, but ing, delaying or defrauding the credit- in consideration of his misfortunes. ors of Scott, or for the purpose of en- Royston deducted \$630.72, and required abling Royston to collect claims in his him to pay but the sum of \$5,810.31, as hands as an attorney, other than the before stated, to obtain a release of the trust debts, in preference to other cred- trust property, etc. itors, etc., as alleged in the bill. They aver that no portion of the proceeds of the trust property had been applied to tially the same as that of Scott and the payment of debts in the hands of wife. As to the amount of the several Royston for collection, except the trust crops produced by Scott after the exedebts, and that there was no agreement cution of the trust deed, the disposition or understanding that such proceeds made thereof, the sums paid upon the should be so applied, except as to the trust debts, etc., he refers to, and endebts due to Smith, Hubbard & Co., dorses the truth of their answer. mentioned in the instrument above referred to.

except those held by Royston, and 16th, 17th and 18th interrogatories prothose due to complainants, and none of pounded to the defendants by the bill, his other creditors were pressing him. were loose, vague, uncertain and insuf-And although he was but the security ficient; and that Royston had made no of Haynie upon the debts due to com- other answer thereto than by referring plainants, he had never attempted to to the answer of Scott and wife, etc. avoid paying them, and still intended The court overruled the exceptions; to pay them as soon as he possibly and complainants excepted to the decould.

If Royston had pressed a sale under the executions in favor of the creditors, to the answers, and the cause was fiprovided for in the trust deed, the nally heard upon bill and exhibits; anwhole of Scott's property, owing to the swers and exhibits, and replications; hardness of the times, would not have and the court dismissed the bill for sold for half enough to pay the debts; want of equity. and he, in advanced life, would have been deprived of all means of paying any of his other debts; whereas, by the sufficiency of the responses made by course adopted, and the indulgence of the defendants to the interrogatories Royston, he hoped to be able to pay all copied above, we think the complainhis debts including those due to ants were entitled, upon the admiscomplainants. Since the execution sions made by the answers, to relief, of the deed of trust, he had not and that the court erred in dismissing only been as economical as possible, the bill for want of equity. 519\*] \*but in many instances had denied himself and family of the neces trust, Scott had no such interest in the saries and comforts of life; and had trust property as was the subject of

spondents value the whole of the prop- advantage, and made every effort in his power to pay his debts.

That, when he settled with Royston

The answer was filed May 18th, 1852. The answer of Royston is substan-

The complainants filed exceptions to both answers, on the grounds that the That Scott owed but very few debts answer of Scott and wife to the 15th, cision of the court.

Complainants filed their replications

Complainants appealed.

Passing over the question as to the

After the execution of the deed of managed the trust property to the best sale under execution at law; and consequently Royston acquired no title account of the balance still due to Cornish v. Smith et al. admrs., 17 Id.1

debtt, and took an assignment thereof to himself, he thereby became subroof trust, and from thenceforward occu-Carrington adr., 18 Ark. R. 85.

The admissions of the answers show that Scott's entire estate is covered by the deed of trust. That the balance due to Royston upon the trust debts, 3d May, 1851, was but \$5,810.31. That the aggregate value of the trust property was \$18,975, over three times the amount due upon the trust debts. That, not only the five years allowed for the payment of the trust debts, by the terms of the deed, had elapsed, but over three additional years had expired before the bill was filed. The aggregate principal of the two debts secured by the deed amounted to \$7,813.43, and after the lapse of over eight years with all Scott's efforts and economy to discharge the amount, there remained, it seems, as above stated, still unpaid on the 3d of May, 1851, \$5,810.31. At this pace, it would take him a long time to discharge the entire debt.

It may have been very kind in Royston thus to have indulged an unfortunate debtor, but a continuation of such indulgence would be unjust to complainants, whose demands are admitted to have been long due and unpaid. See Hempstead v. Johnson et al., ante. 123.

Upon the allegations of the bill, and the admissions of the answers, the decree of the court below must be reversed, and the cause remanded, with instructions to the court to take an

520\*] \*to the property by his purchase Royston upon the trust debts, and to thereof under the executions in favor decree a foreclosure of the deed of trust of Beamis & Co. and Sappington. See and a sale of the trust property, or Pettit et al. v. Johnson et al., 15 Ark. 55; such portion thereof as may be required, and that the proceeds of When Royston purchased the trust sale be first applied to the payment \*of the balance due to Royston [\*521 upon the trust debts, then to the satgated to the rights of the cestui que isfaction of complainants' judgments, rusts under the provisions of the deed etc. The decree should direct the trustee (Royston) to make the sale, but pied the position of both trustee and if he decline to act, a commissioner cestui que trust. See Hannah adr. v. shall be appointed by the court to act in his stead, etc.

Cited: -31-441-454; 22-539.

<sup>1.</sup> See note 1, Haunah v. Carrington, 18-100.